

Chapter 7

Buffering in QGIS Desktop

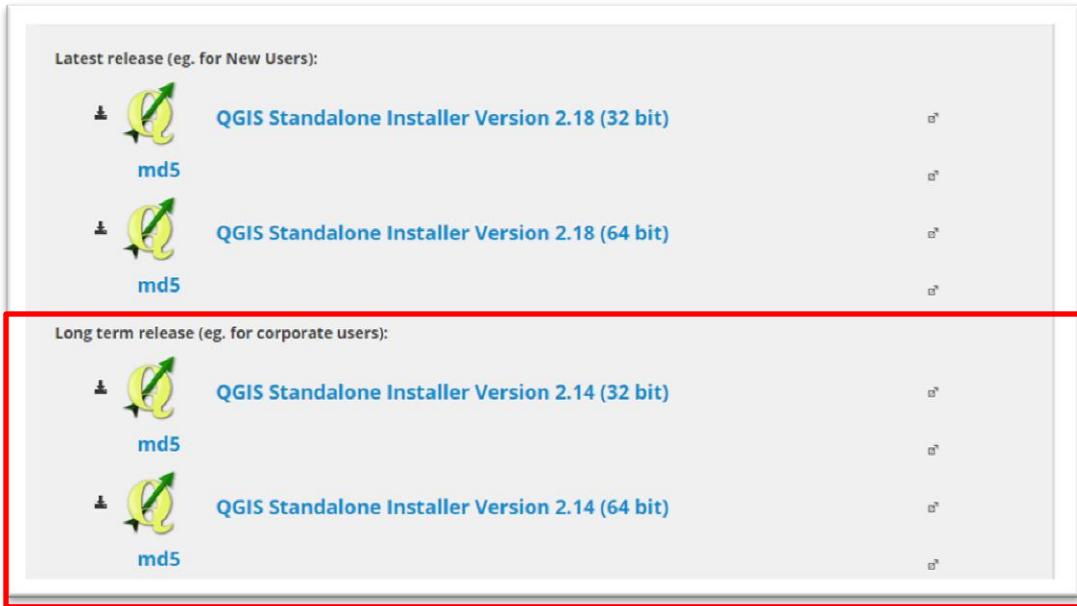


Summary: How far away is that? How many are too close? These are some of the most compelling mapping questions journalists can ask. A buffer is one of the most useful tools to provide answers. As we learned in Chapter 7's discussion on page 155, buffering is an analysis that can be used to determine what features are within a critical spatial distance from another feature. Journalists can draw buffers around points that represent polluting factories, and then see how many other points, such as daycares, are within close proximity. Or they can draw buffers along railways, to see how many homes are within a danger zone in the case of derailments, or buffers around sections of pipelines can locate First Nations communities that might have concerns about spills.

Specifically, the buffering tool allows you to draw circular boundaries around points, or rectangular boundaries on either side of lines or around the outside of polygons. The buffers are created as new shapefiles or feature classes. These new layers make it easier to identify, count or otherwise analyze other features that fall within the specified distance of the point, line or polygon features.

For this tutorial, we will see how close discarded contaminated needles and syringes come to play structures and parks. These are stories that the [Toronto Star](#) and [CBC News](#) have told, respectively.

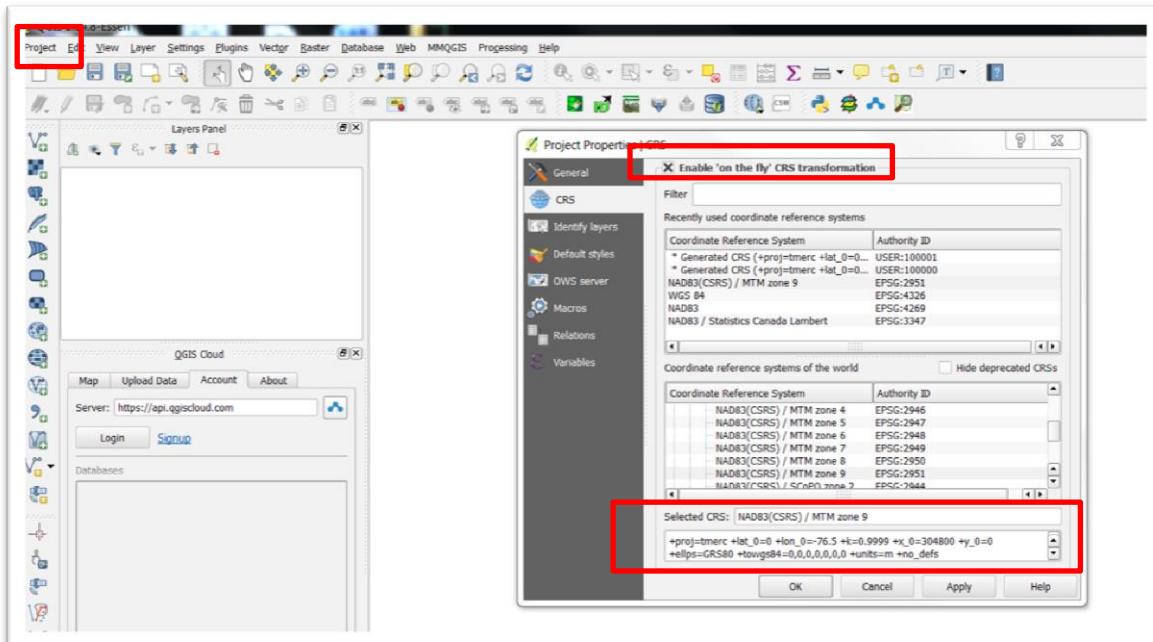
For this tutorial, please be sure to use the “Long term release version” 2.14.



Skills you will learn: This tutorial will show you how to create buffers in QGIS.

Open QGIS, name the project and save it. Select the “Project Properties” dialog box under “Project” from the menu below. Select the box to the left of the “Enable ‘on the fly’ CRS transformation” option.

The Coordinate Reference System for the wards is “NAD83(CSRS)/MTM zone 9 EPSG:2951”



Make sure the reference system appears in the Selected CRS section of the dialog box.

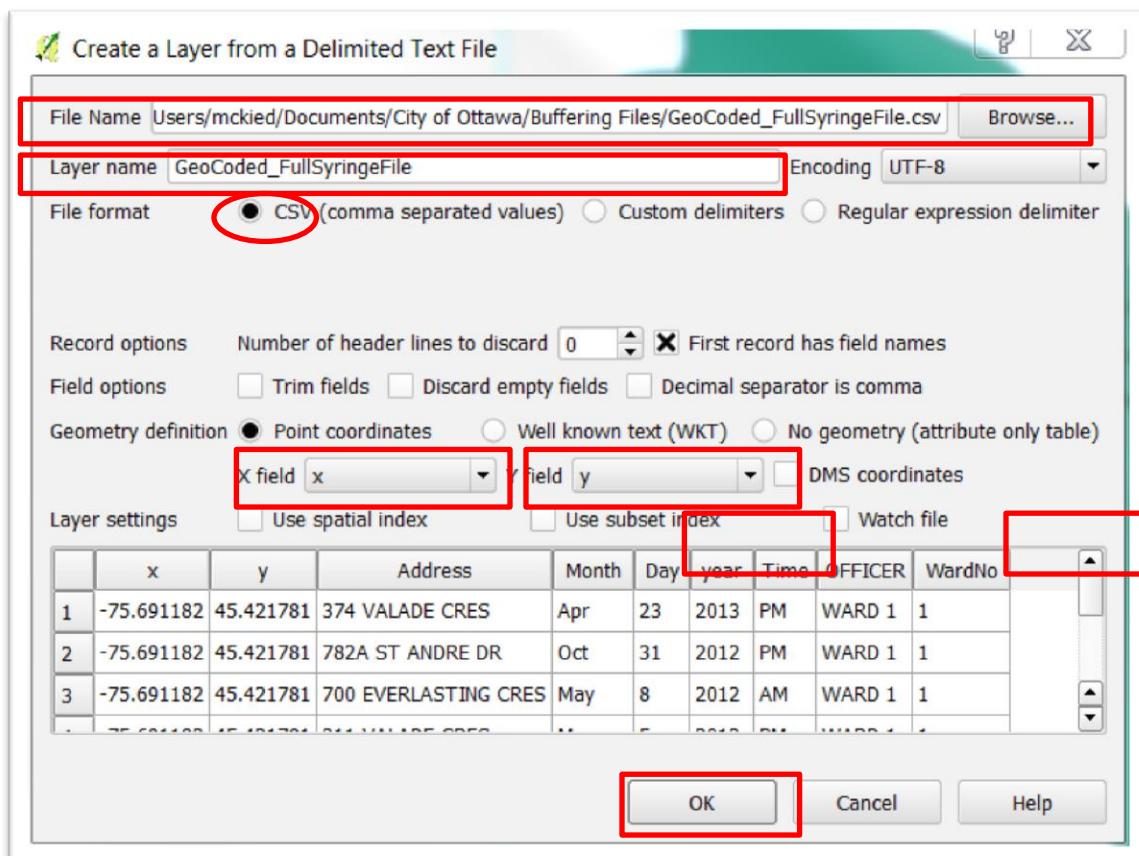
Select Apply, and then OK

Import the Ottawa wards shape file that should already be in one of your folders. If not, then you must download it from the city's [open data](#) website, and extract the wards shape file from the zip folder.

To Download the csv file, right-click on “[GeoCoded_FullSyringeFile](#)” and save it to your folder. If your browser opens the table to display the csv file, just use the browser’s “save as” option.

Continue to save your entire QGIS project in the same folder that will contain your files and layers.

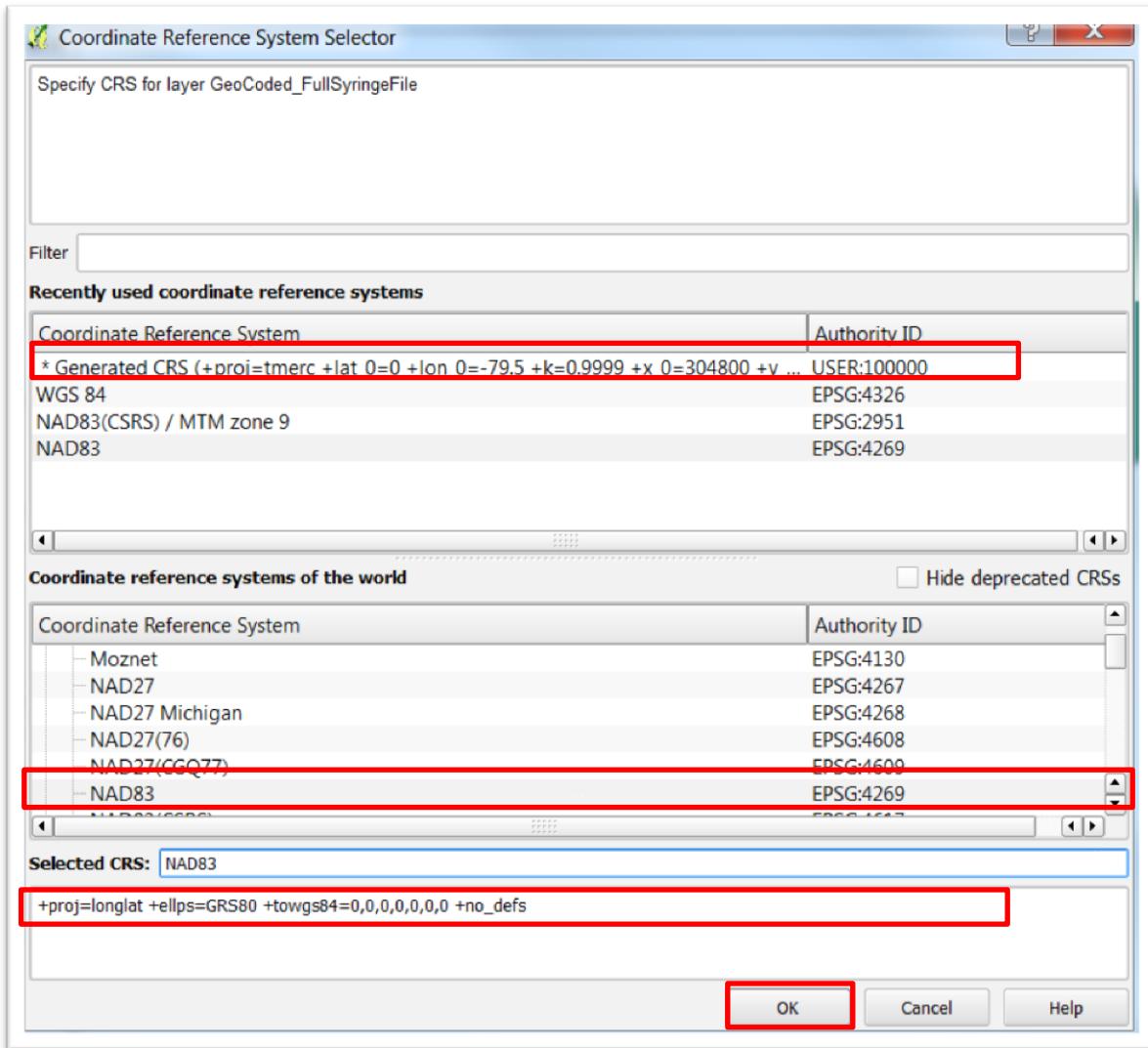
Upload the “GeoCoded_FullSyringeFile” to QGIS.



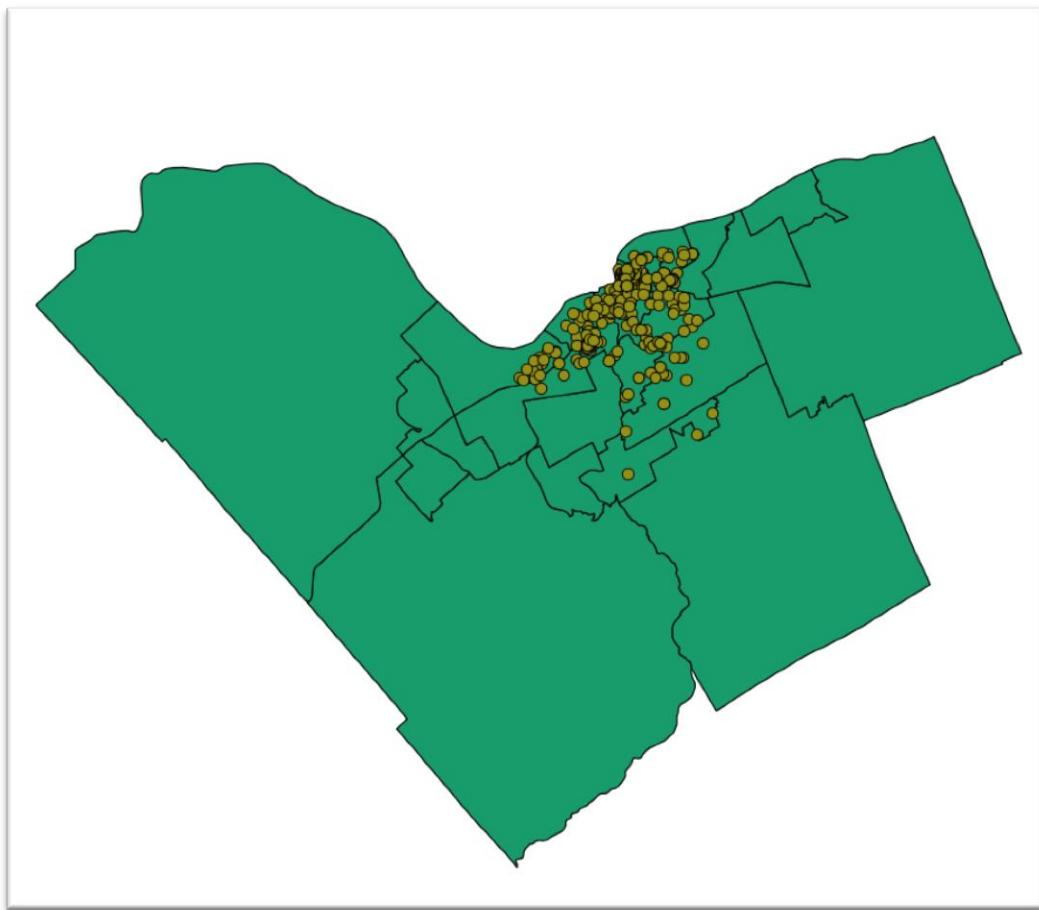
(NOTE: Fortunately, there is no need to create a “csvt” file as we did in the QGIS tutorial “[7_13_SpatialJoinsQGISDesktop](#).” This is because we don’t want to convert

any of the numbers to text, or vice-versa. A “csvt” file is only necessary if you want to reformat the values to correspond with the values in a second file, or layer in QGIS.)

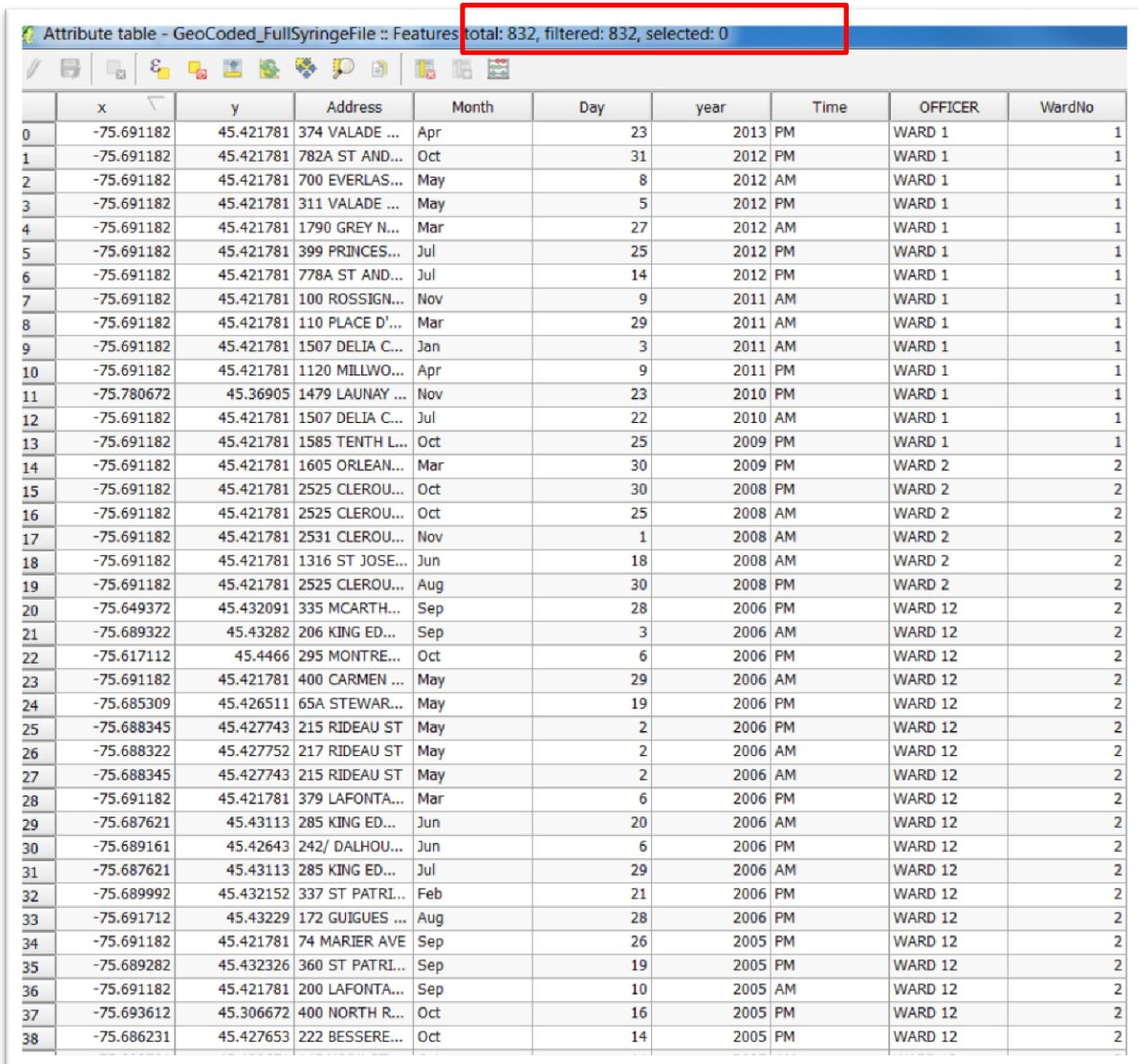
Selecting “OK” produces a second dialog box containing the file’s coordinate system –NAD83 – which is different from that of the Ward. However, because we’ve told Qgis to project on the fly, it knows to force a match between the coordinate systems.



Select “OK” and save your project.



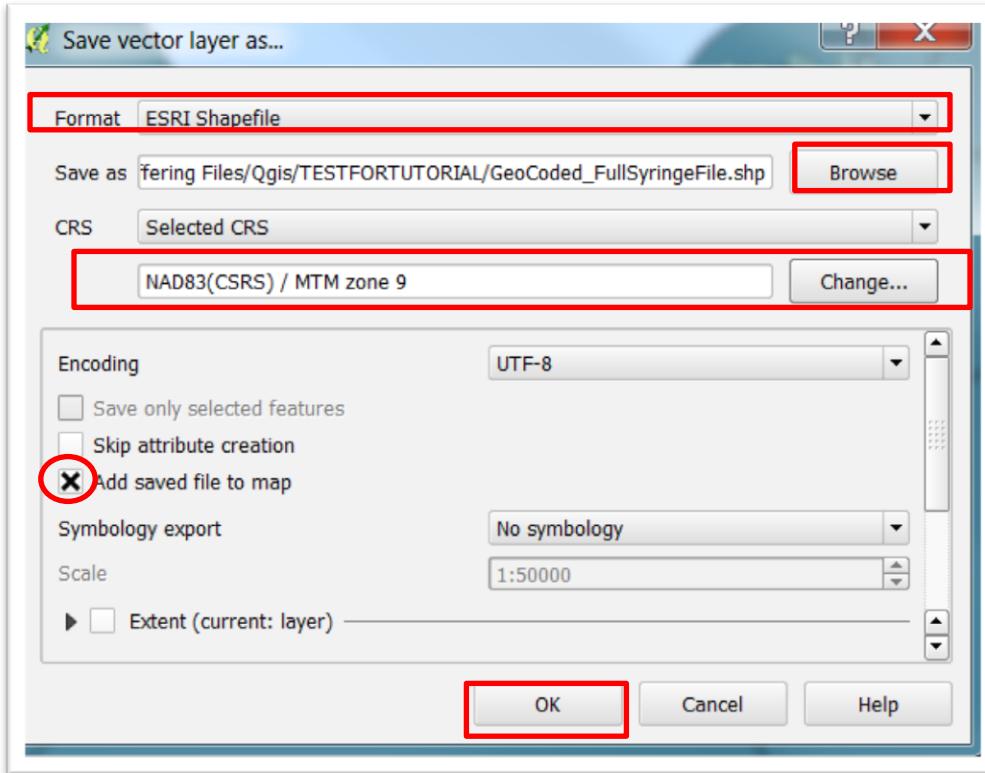
As is our custom when importing a file to QGIS or ArcMap, open the attribute table to ensure that you have all the values.



	x	y	Address	Month	Day	year	Time	OFFICER	WardNo
0	-75.691182	45.421781	374 VALADE ...	Apr	23	2013	PM	WARD 1	1
1	-75.691182	45.421781	782A ST AND...	Oct	31	2012	PM	WARD 1	1
2	-75.691182	45.421781	700 EVERLAS...	May	8	2012	AM	WARD 1	1
3	-75.691182	45.421781	311 VALADE ...	May	5	2012	PM	WARD 1	1
4	-75.691182	45.421781	1790 GREY N...	Mar	27	2012	AM	WARD 1	1
5	-75.691182	45.421781	399 PRINCES...	Jul	25	2012	PM	WARD 1	1
6	-75.691182	45.421781	778A ST AND...	Jul	14	2012	PM	WARD 1	1
7	-75.691182	45.421781	100 ROSSIGN...	Nov	9	2011	AM	WARD 1	1
8	-75.691182	45.421781	110 PLACE D'...	Mar	29	2011	AM	WARD 1	1
9	-75.691182	45.421781	1507 DELIA C...	Jan	3	2011	AM	WARD 1	1
10	-75.691182	45.421781	1120 MILLWO...	Apr	9	2011	PM	WARD 1	1
11	-75.780672	45.36905	1479 LAUNAY ...	Nov	23	2010	PM	WARD 1	1
12	-75.691182	45.421781	1507 DELIA C...	Jul	22	2010	AM	WARD 1	1
13	-75.691182	45.421781	1585 TENTH L...	Oct	25	2009	PM	WARD 1	1
14	-75.691182	45.421781	1605 ORLEAN...	Mar	30	2009	PM	WARD 2	2
15	-75.691182	45.421781	2525 CLEROU...	Oct	30	2008	PM	WARD 2	2
16	-75.691182	45.421781	2525 CLEROU...	Oct	25	2008	AM	WARD 2	2
17	-75.691182	45.421781	2531 CLEROU...	Nov	1	2008	AM	WARD 2	2
18	-75.691182	45.421781	1316 ST JOSE...	Jun	18	2008	AM	WARD 2	2
19	-75.691182	45.421781	2525 CLEROU...	Aug	30	2008	PM	WARD 2	2
20	-75.649372	45.432091	335 MCARTH...	Sep	28	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
21	-75.689322	45.43282	206 KING ED...	Sep	3	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
22	-75.617112	45.4466	295 MONTRE...	Oct	6	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
23	-75.691182	45.421781	400 CARMEN ...	May	29	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
24	-75.685309	45.426511	65A STEWAR...	May	19	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
25	-75.688345	45.427743	215 RIDEAU ST	May	2	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
26	-75.688322	45.427752	217 RIDEAU ST	May	2	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
27	-75.688345	45.427743	215 RIDEAU ST	May	2	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
28	-75.691182	45.421781	379 LAFONTA...	Mar	6	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
29	-75.687621	45.43113	285 KING ED...	Jun	20	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
30	-75.689161	45.42643	242/ DALHOU...	Jun	6	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
31	-75.687621	45.43113	285 KING ED...	Jul	29	2006	AM	WARD 12	2
32	-75.689992	45.432152	337 ST PATRI...	Feb	21	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
33	-75.691712	45.43229	172 GUIGUES ...	Aug	28	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
34	-75.691182	45.421781	74 MARIER AVE	Sep	26	2005	PM	WARD 12	2
35	-75.689282	45.432326	360 ST PATRI...	Sep	19	2005	PM	WARD 12	2
36	-75.691182	45.421781	200 LAFONTA...	Sep	10	2005	AM	WARD 12	2
37	-75.693612	45.306672	400 NORTH R...	Oct	16	2005	PM	WARD 12	2
38	-75.686231	45.427653	222 BESSERE...	Oct	14	2005	PM	WARD 12	2

There are **832** discarded syringes or needles (two terms we'll use interchangeably), an important number to keep in mind.

Right-click on the GeoCoded_FullSyringeFile layer and select the “Save As” option.



We want to save the layer as a shape file, browse to the appropriate folder and – THIS IS KEY – change the projection system under “Selected CRS” to “NAD83(CRS)/MTM zone 9”, the coordinate system that corresponds with that of the coordinate system for the wards and parks file that we will eventually import.

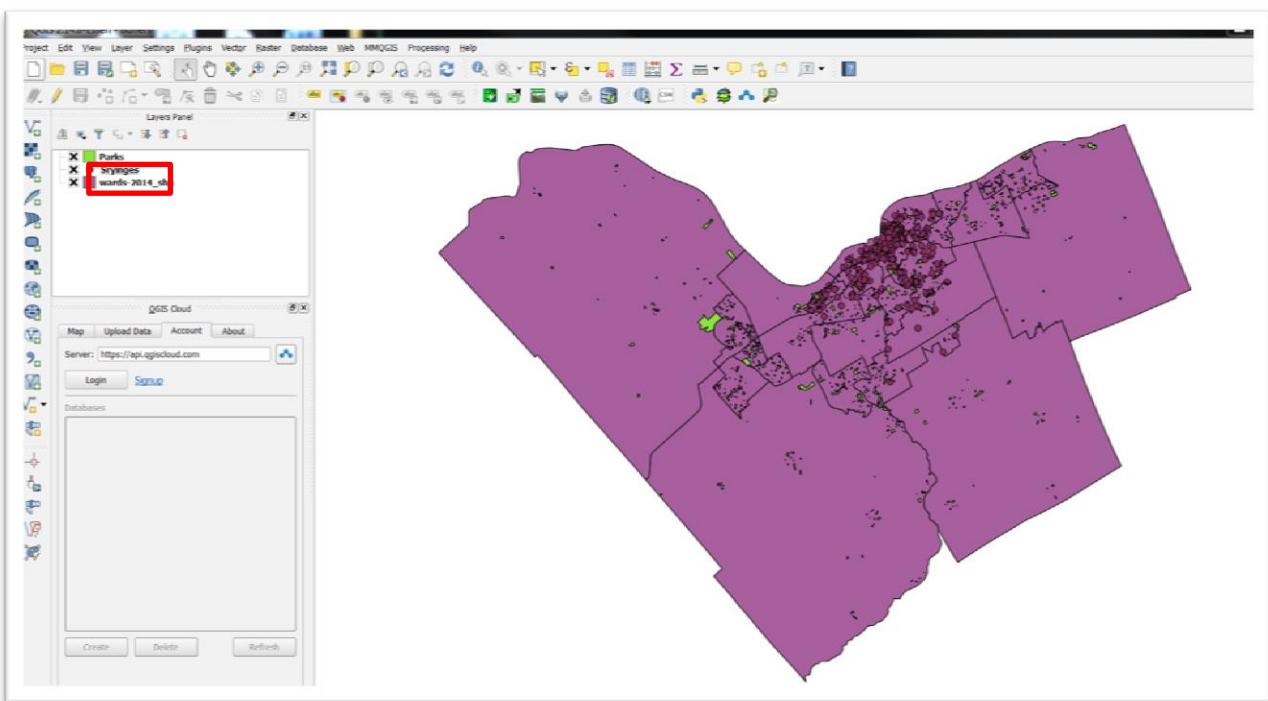
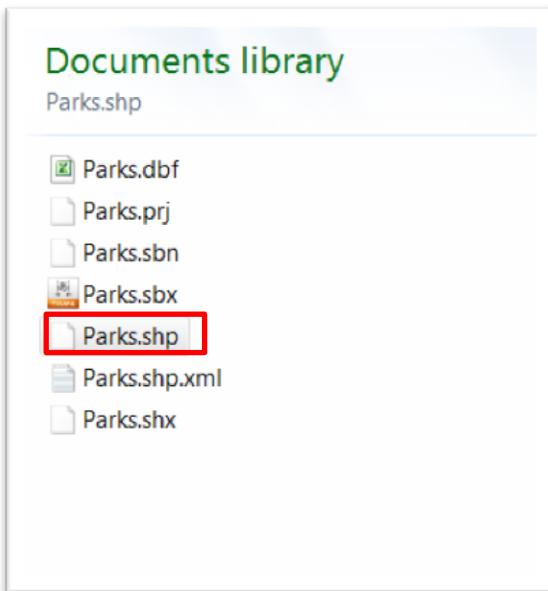
Now that you have the shape file. You can remove the GeoCoded_FullSyringe csv version.

Now let's import the shape file that contains all the park locations in Ottawa.

To do this, we'll have to visit the city's open data portal, and navigate to [parks](#).

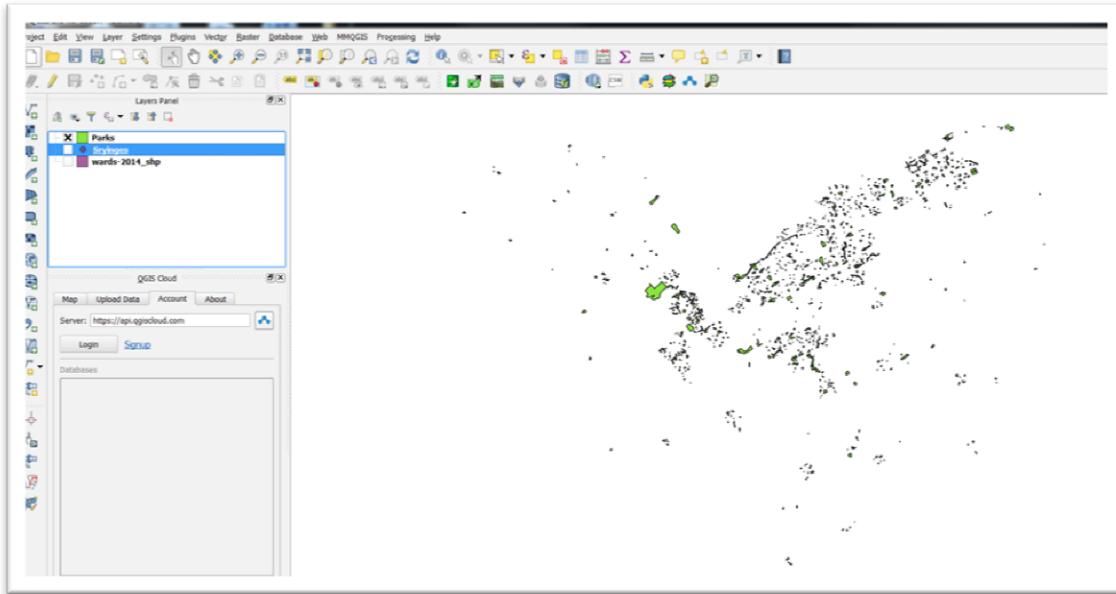
Download the shape file (“Parks:SHP”), and save it in the same folder that contains your other files for this QGIS tutorial.

Unzip the folder, select the shape file, and then upload the shape file to QGIS



If the parks don't appear, as in the screen grab above, open the Parks layer's attribute table to select the correct projection, which in this case is the same as the "Wards_2014 file".

De-select the other two layers to get a closer look at the park locations.



Open the attribute table to look at the data.

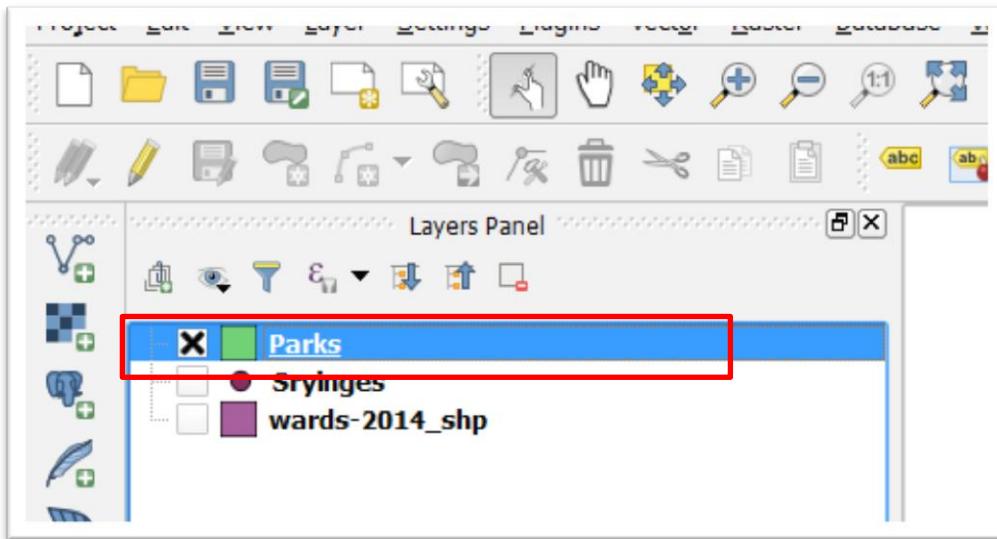
	PARK_ID	NAME	NAME_FR	ADDRESS	ADDRESS_FR	PARK_TYPE	PARK_TYPE_	DOC_DESIGN	DOC_DES1_I	WATERBODY_	WARD	WARD_NAME	WARD_NAME_	PARK_DEDIC	ACCESSIBLE	OPEN	MODIFIED
0	1122	Uplands Park	Parc Uplands	3165 Uplands ...	3165, promene...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	0	0	na/non	16	Rivière	Rivière	0	yes/out	NULL	2016-05
1	1657	Finchley Park	Parc Finchley	7 Finchley Ori...	7, promenade...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	3	Banffhaven	Banffhaven	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
2	1032	Ogilimite Park	Parc Ogilimite	43 Ste-Cécile...	43, rue ste-C...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	12	Rodeau-Vanier	Rodeau-Vanier	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
3	337	Dossette Park	Parc Dossette	72 Dossette	72, voie Doss...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	0	0	na/non	10	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-So...	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
4	749	Norm Childs P...	Parc Norm-Chil...	5065 Thunder...	5065, chemin ...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	19	Cumberland	Cumberland	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
5	317	Décarie Park	Parc Décarie	7883 Décarie	7883, promene...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	1	Orléans	Orléans	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
6	1130	Nelson Park	Parc Nelson	240 Walden D...	240, promene...	Passive Recre...	Loisirs passifs	1	1	na/non	4	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
7	1583	Morgan's Gra...	Parc du boisel	50 Flamboy...	50, voie Flam...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	4	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
8	1094	St. Germain P...	Parc St-Germain	86 Templeton	86, rue Temp...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	12	Rodeau-Vanier	Rodeau-Vanier	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
9	80	Klondike Road...	Parc du chemin...	1365 Hallon T...	1365, terrass...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	4	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
10	1080	Lynwood Park	Parc Lynwood	7 Sycamore D...	7, promenade...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	8	College	College	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
11	768	Carroll Homes...	Parc commun...	3447 Old Alm...	3447, chemin ...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	5	West Carleton...	West Carleton...	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
12	2465	South March ...	Forêt protégé	895 Old Seco...	895, chemin ...	Passive Recre...	Loisirs passifs	4	4	yes/out	5	West Carleton...	West Carleton...	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
13	1074	Ottawa South...	Centre commun...	260 Sunnysid...	260, avenue ...	Passive Recre...	Loisirs passifs	4	4	na/non	17	Capital	Capitale	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
14	1967	Leilande Cons...	Parc de Cons	2145 Nantes ...	2145, rue Nan...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	19	Cumberland	Cumberland	0	yes/out	NULL	2016-05
15	970	Yves Chêne P...	Parc Yves-Chê...	3585 Sandfield	3585, chemin ...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	19	Cumberland	Cumberland	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
16	733	Henry Park	Parc Henry	1420 Mulligan...	1420, rue Mu...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	22	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-So...	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
17	1639	Daybreak Park	Parc Daybreak	38 Daybreak	38, rue Daybr...	Passive Recre...	Loisirs passifs	1	1	na/non	22	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-So...	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
18	157	Byron Linear ...	Parc du tram...	579 Byron Av...	579, avenue B...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	1	1	na/non	15	Kitchissippi	Kitchissippi	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
19	812	McLabb Park	Parc McLabb	433 Bronson	433, avenue B...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	2	2	na/non	14	Somerset	Somerset	0	yes/out	NULL	2016-05
20	638	Glebe Communi...	Centre commun...	690 Lyon Stre...	690, rue Lyon ...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	4	4	na/non	17	Capital	Capitale	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05
21	441	Judy Leighton...	Parc Judy-Leig...	241 Goldridge...	241, promene...	Active Recrea...	Loisirs dynam...	0	0	na/non	4	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	0	NULL	NULL	2016-05

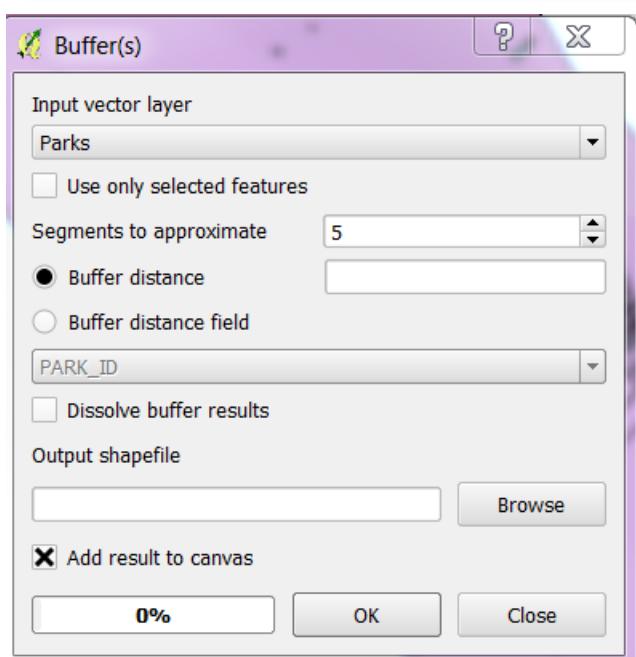
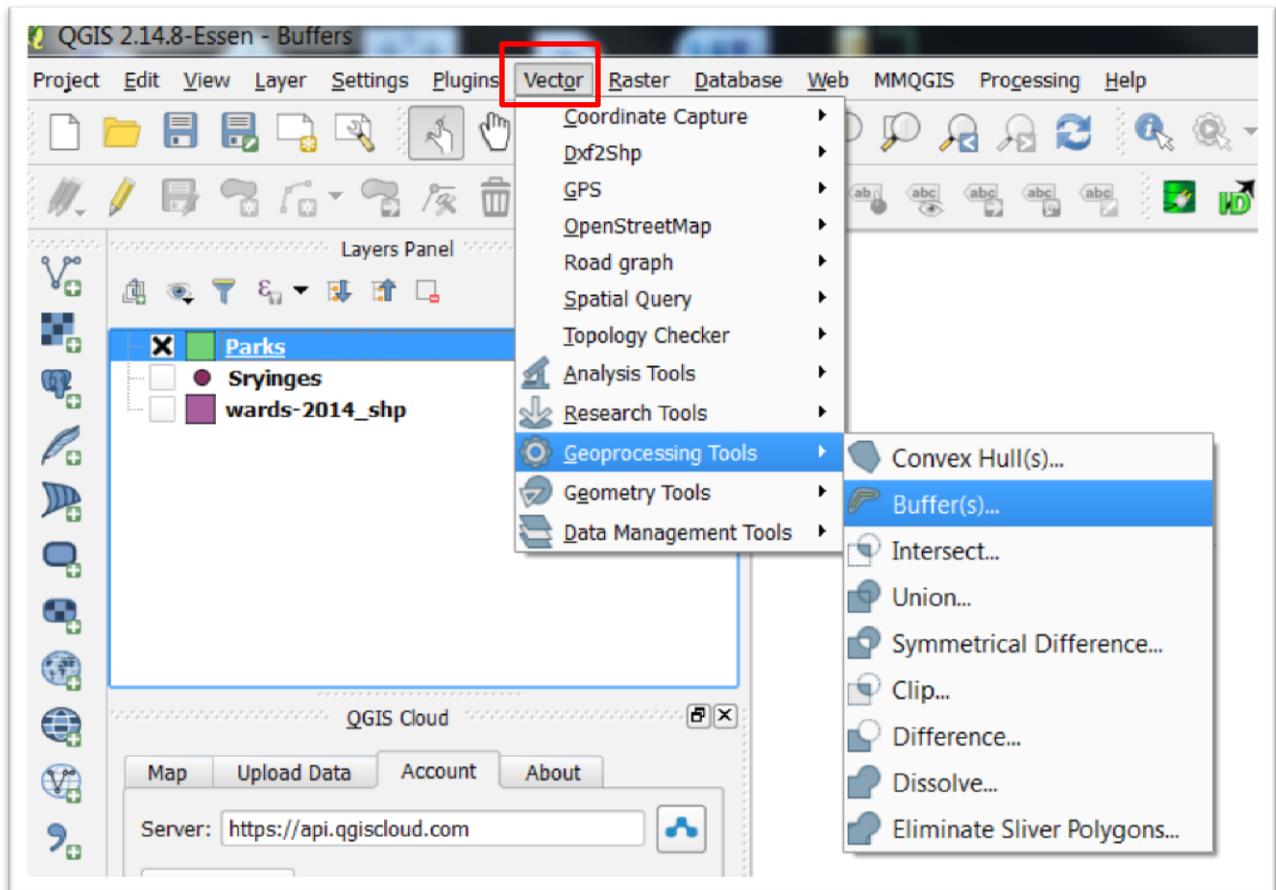
We have useful information, especially addresses, which will come in handy when we want to test our data in the field by visiting the parks and speaking to parents in nearby homes who have young children.

The idea is to find out how many of the 832 discarded needles were close to parks where children play.

You can turn the other layers back on. It's now time to create the buffers around the parks, setting a distance of 50 metres.

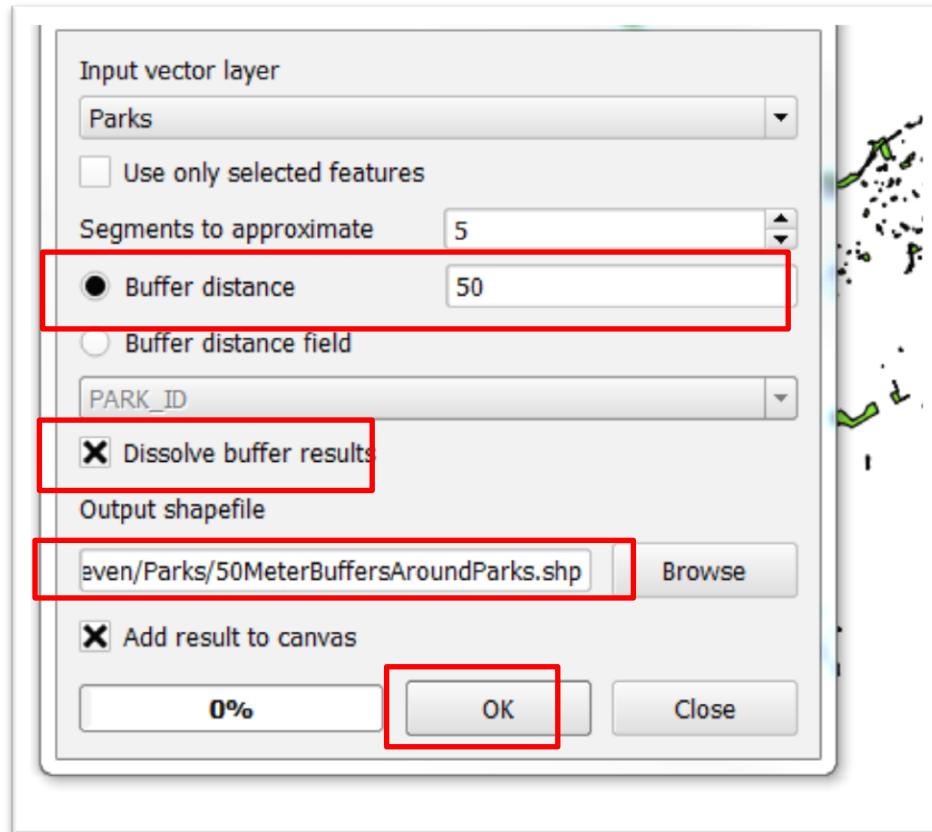
To do this, select the “Parks” layer, go to the “Vector” section in the menu above, “Geoprocessing tools”, and then “Buffer(s)”.





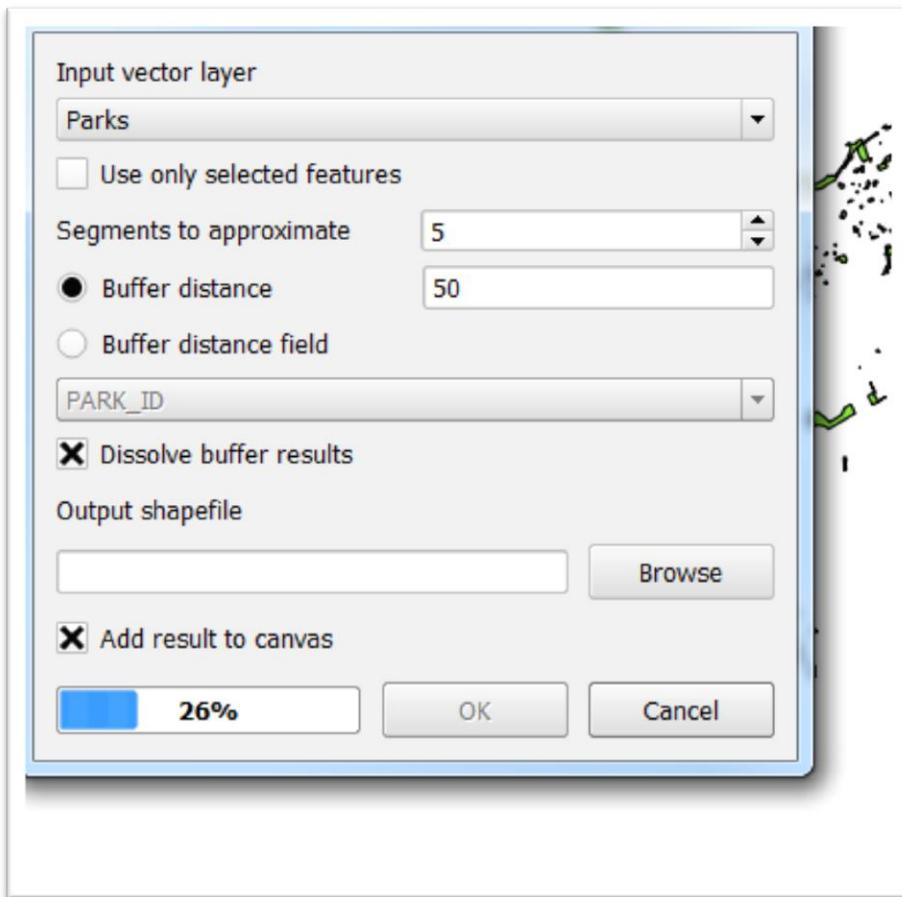
Make sure radio button to the left of “Buffer distance” is selected, and plug in 50 (for 50 metres). Also, select the radio button to the left of “Dissolve buffer results.”

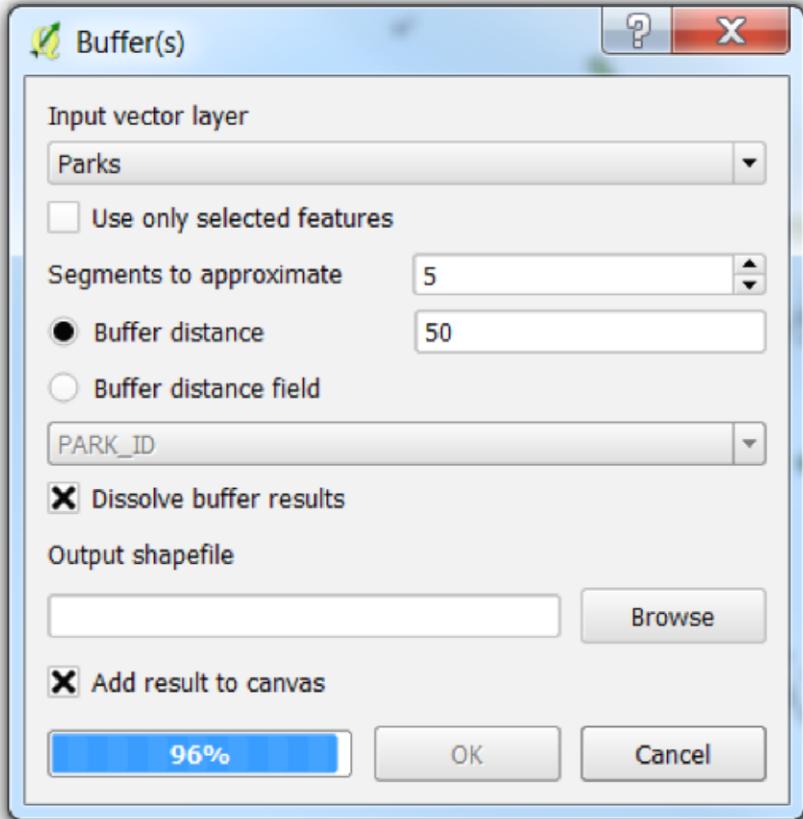
Browse to the section where you’re saving the files, and name this one “50MetresbufferAroundParks”, or something similar. In other words, a title – albeit, a long one -- that indicates the contents of the file.



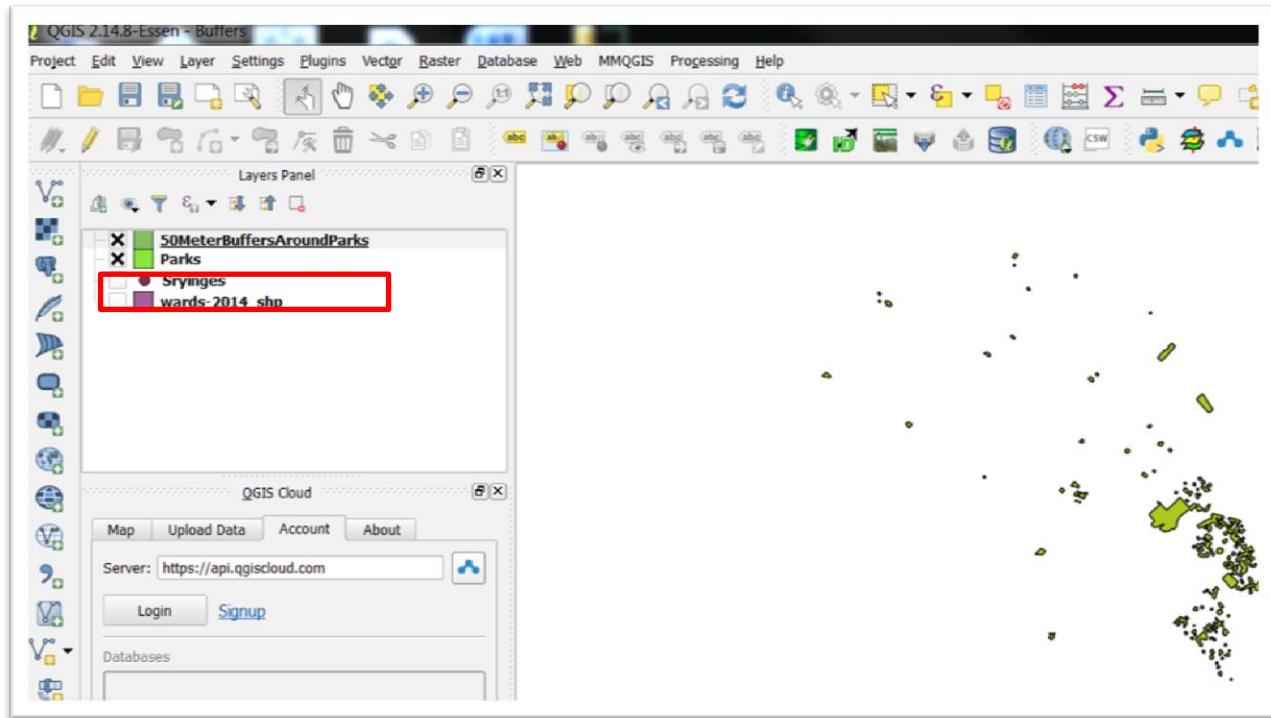
Browse to location where you want to store the file and save it.

Save your project, which is something you should do regularly.





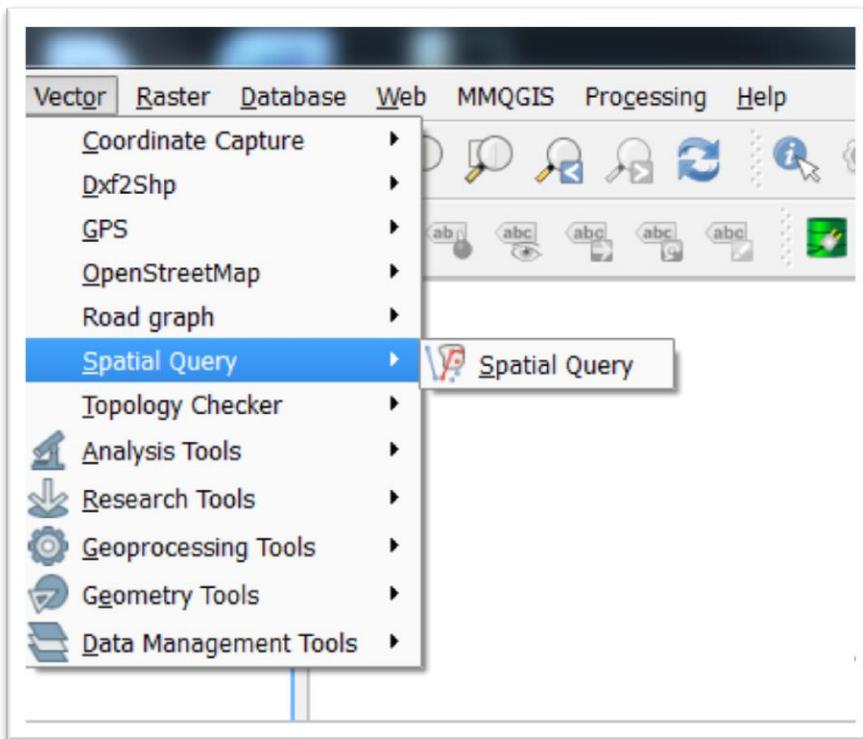
Once it's done, close the dialogue box, and you'll see the layer added to your menu.



Now we have created a 50m buffer around all the city of Ottawa parks.

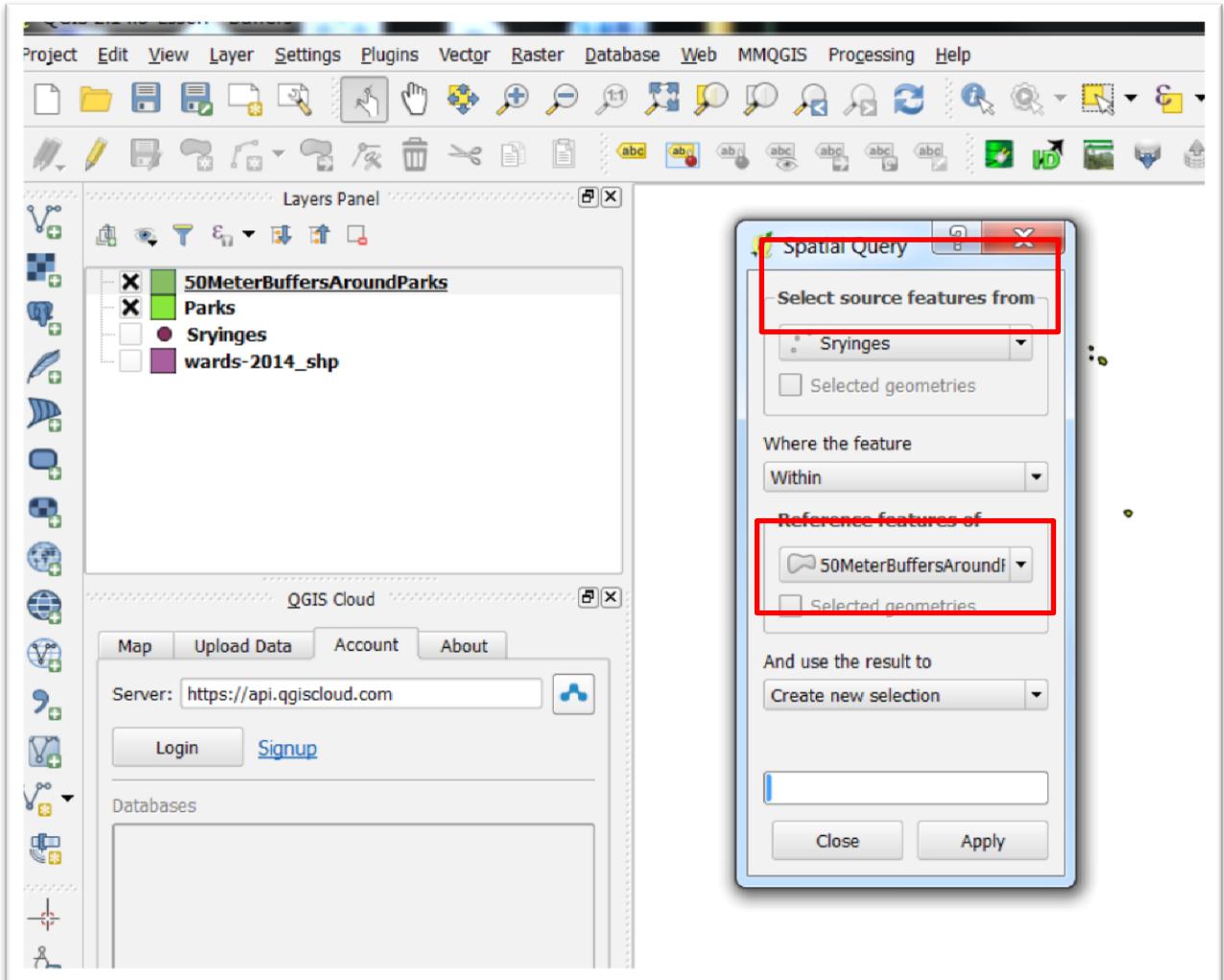
We'll use a query that will place the discarded needles or syringes within those 50 metre buffers. Select the new buffered layer, “BufferedParks50M”. Right-click on this layer to make sure the projection system is ““NAD83(CSRS)/MTM zone 9 EPSG:2951”.

Go to “Vector” in your menu above, and then “Spatial Query”.

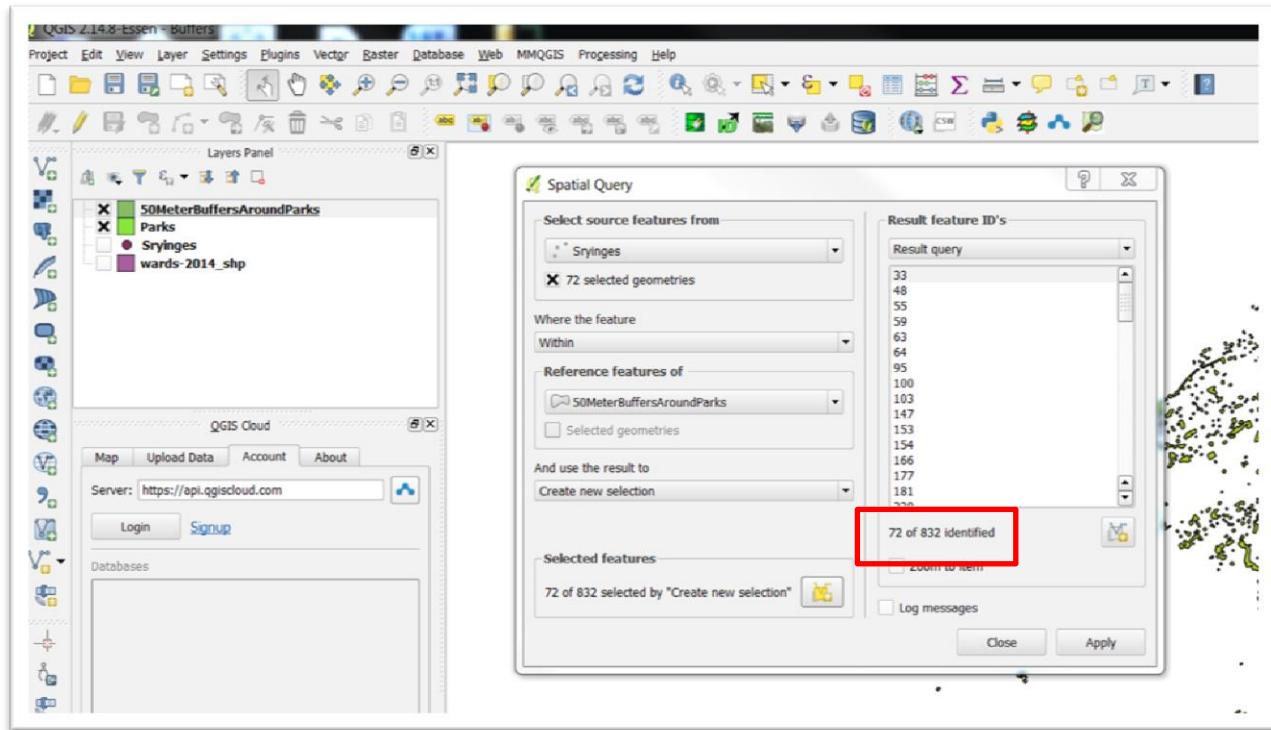


In the screen grab below, your “source layer” is the syringe shape file. Under the dialog box’s “Where the feature” section, select “Within”; that is, you want all the locations where the discarded items are within the 50M buffers. Your “Reference features of” section is the newly-created parks layer with the buffers.

Note: If you're using version 2.18.0, you may have to install a spatial query plug-in if it doesn't appear in your menu.



Select Apply.



QGIS has selected 72 discarded syringes that are within 50 metres of the city parks. Close the dialogue box, and right-click on the “GeoCoded_FullSyringeFile” and open the attribute table.

Syringes :: Features total: 832, filtered: 832, selected: 72

	X	Y	Address	Month	Day	year	Time	OFFICER	WardNo
95	-75.79548200...	45.352229999...	1085 GRENON...	Jul	16	2010	PM	WARD 7	7
96	-75.69118199...	45.421781000...	411 CORKST...	Aug	20	2010	PM	WARD 7	7
97	-75.79910099...	45.357650000...	2880 CARLIN...	Apr	7	2010	AM	WARD 7	7
98	-75.79478400...	45.348393000...	1095 RAMSEY...	Jun	15	2009	PM	WARD 7	7
99	-75.79156100...	45.360731000...	807 MAPLEW...	Apr	11	2009	PM	WARD 7	7
100	-75.78013400...	45.373378000...	1071 AMBLES...	Oct	1	2008	AM	WARD 7	7
101	-75.79365099...	45.356350999...	903 PINECRE...	May	18	2008	PM	WARD 7	7
102	-75.79700099...	45.355161000...	2881 RICHMO...	Apr	17	2008	AM	WARD 7	7
103	-75.69142300...	45.401857000...	175 THIRD AVE	Jun	7	2006	PM	WARD 17	7
104	-75.66364000...	45.408479000...	1551 RIVERSI...	Apr	9	2006	PM	WARD 17	7
105	-75.79568100...	45.362560000...	348 ZEPHYR A...	Apr	2	2006	AM	WARD 7	7
106	-75.68685000...	45.410581000...	64 ISABELLA ST	Oct	13	2005	PM	WARD 17	7
107	-75.80448099...	45.356720000...	78 BOYCE AVE	Oct	7	2005	PM	WARD 7	7
108	-75.68587100...	45.400188000...	111A HOLMW...	Apr	19	2005	PM	WARD 17	7
109	-75.78542199...	45.363810999...	2525 CARLIN...	Dec	29	2004	AM	WARD 7	7
110	-75.78786100...	45.340949999...	3045 BASELIN...	May	21	2013	PM	WARD 8	8
111	-75.69118199...	45.421781000...	2 HAMMILL CRT	Jul	4	2012	AM	WARD 8	8
112	-75.69118199...	45.421781000...	55 CENTREPO...	Aug	31	2012	PM	WARD 8	8
113	-75.76188600...	45.351799999...	1980 BASELIN...	Aug	8	2012	PM	WARD 8	8
114	-75.71144099...	45.362659999...	147 MEADOW...	Oct	15	2011	PM	WARD 8	8
115	-75.69118199...	45.421781000...	194 ROBERTS...	Nov	4	2011	PM	WARD 8	8
116	-75.74755100...	45.363540000...	1212 AMESBR...	Jun	7	2011	PM	WARD 8	8

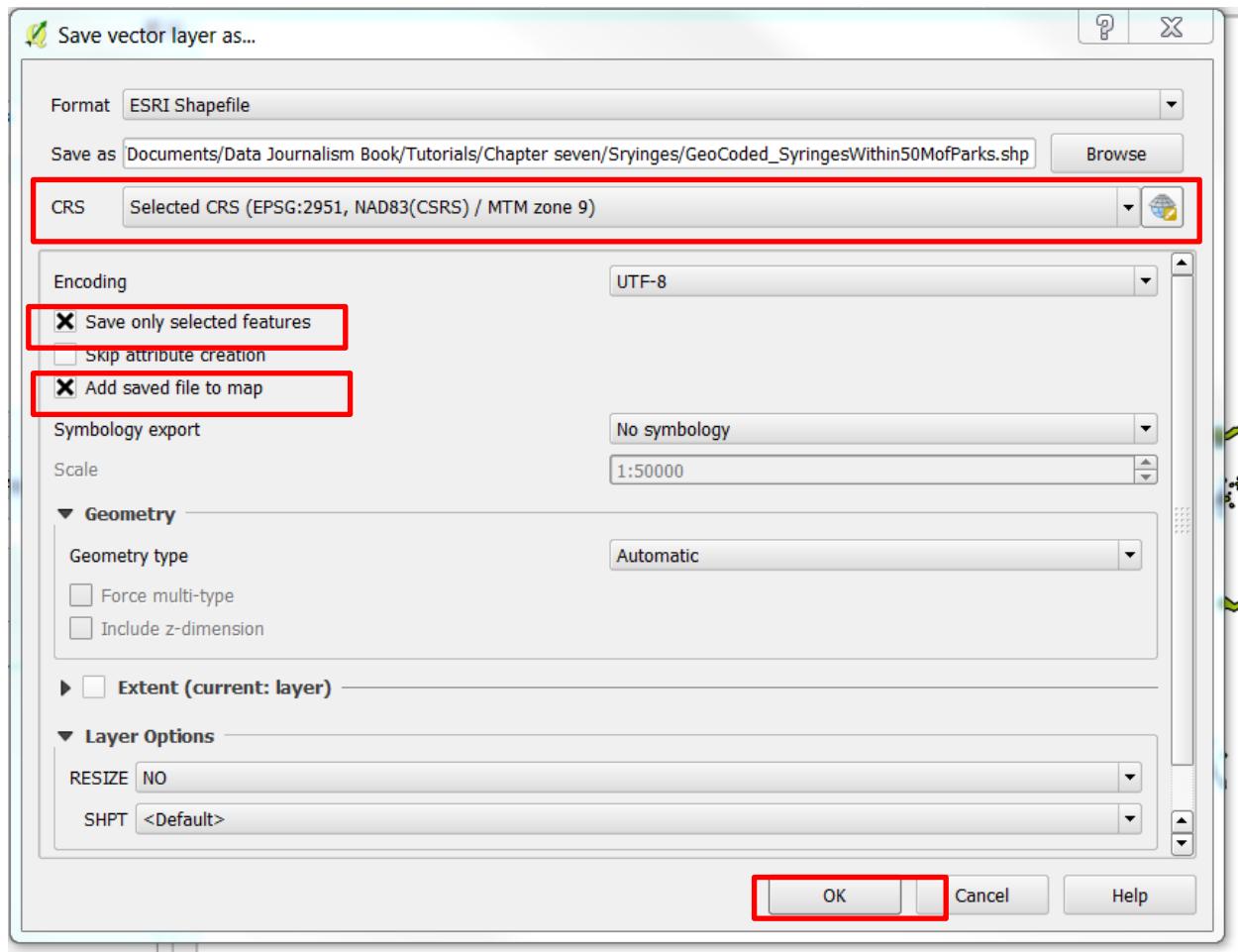
The query has highlighted the relevant syringe locations.

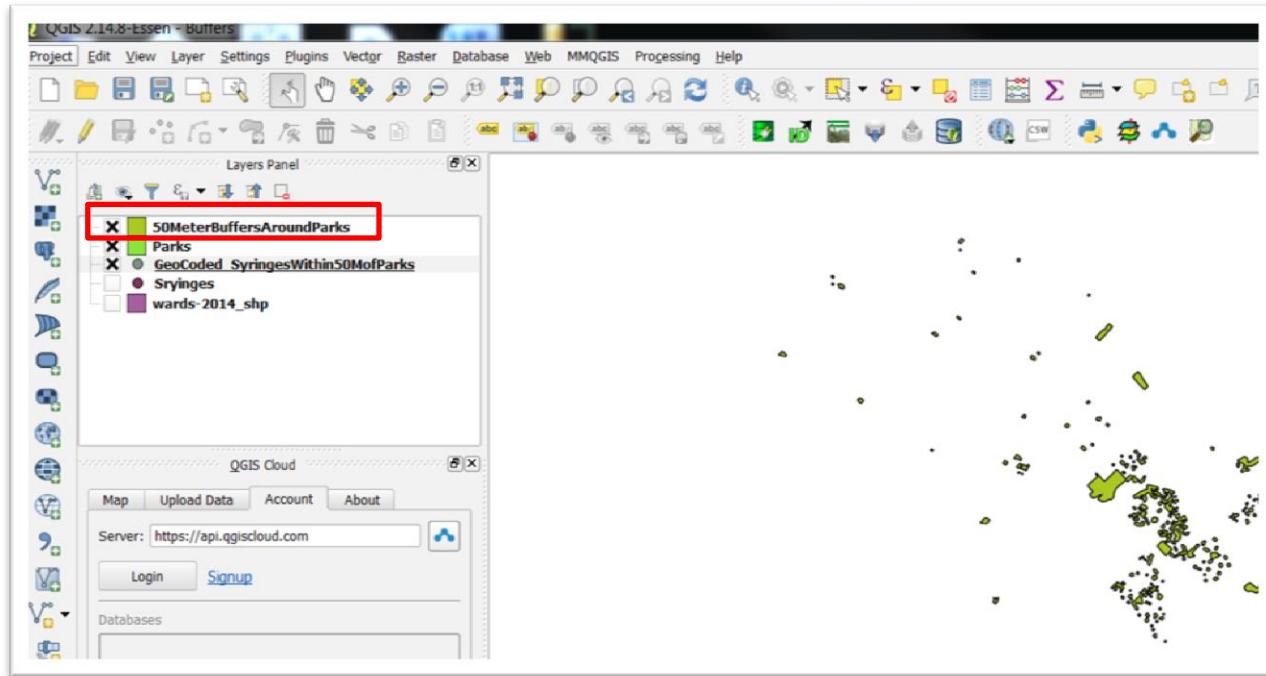
Close the attribute table.

We will now create a new layer of these selected files. To do this, right-click on the layer and choose the “Save as” option.

Call the new file “GeoCoded_SyringesWithin50MofParks” and hit the “Save” tab.

Now – AND THIS IS KEY -- we want to select the “Save only selected features” option in the dialog box’s “Encoding” section. You’ll also notice that the projection corresponds to the projection for the parks and wards. If it doesn’t, change the setting to make sure it does.





Open the new file's attribute table

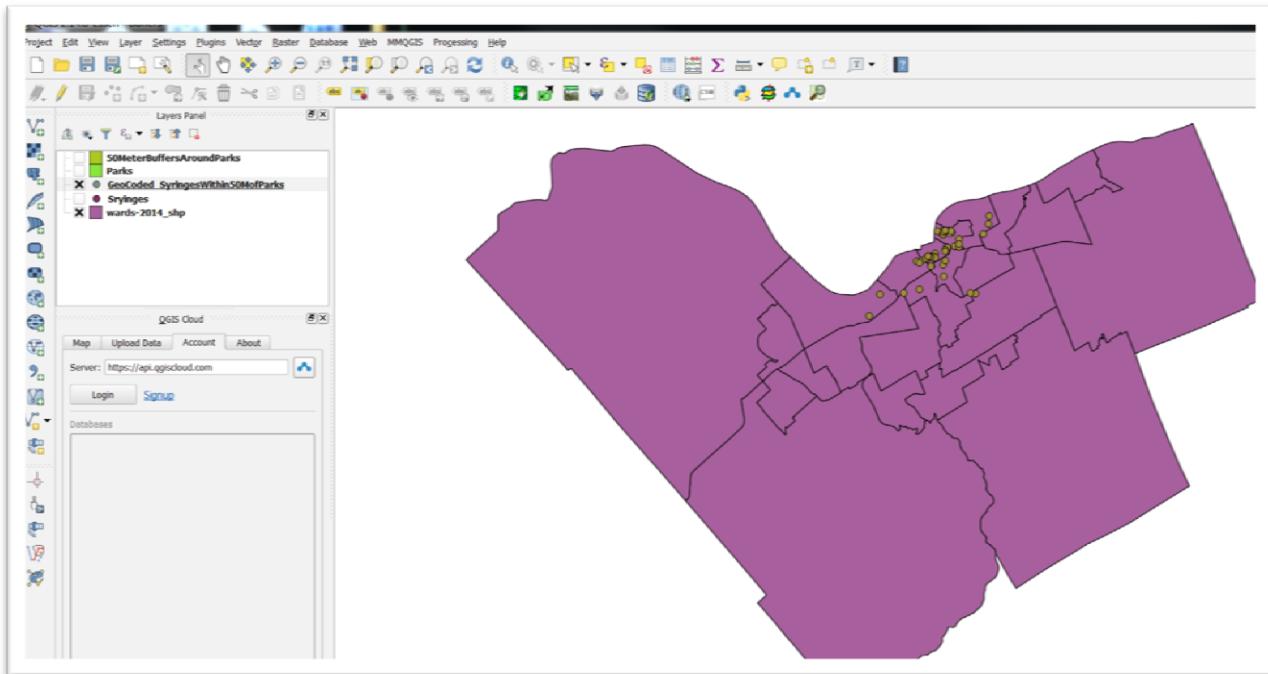
	X	Y	Address	Month	Day	year	Time	OFFICER	WardNo
0	-75.69053200...	45.39052000...	177 HOPEWELL...	Jun	1	2010	AM	WARD 17	17
1	-75.70377100...	45.408079999...	456 BRONSON...	Sep	22	2009	PM	WARD 14	14
2	-75.67553599...	45.419778000...	55 MANN AVE	Aug	8	2012	PM	WARD 12	12
3	-75.69089099...	45.432659999...	208 GUIGUES ...	Nov	3	2009	AM	WARD 12	12
4	-75.67915000...	45.433242000...	110 COBOUR...	Nov	3	2007	PM	WARD 12	12
5	-75.70937600...	45.410038999...	770 SOMERS...	Jun	25	2009	AM	WARD 14	14
6	-75.68594799...	45.418914999...	17 MACDONA...	Dec	4	2009	PM	WARD 14	14
7	-75.69068099...	45.435310000...	290 CATHCAR...	Aug	2	2007	PM	WARD 12	12
8	-75.68572100...	45.418843000...	52 MACLAREN...	Aug	8	2009	PM	WARD 14	14
9	-75.64676799...	45.372866000...	1560 HEATHE...	Jul	16	2010	PM	WARD 10	10
10	-75.69033199...	45.434418000...	244 BRUYERE ...	Jun	17	2009	PM	WARD 12	12
11	-75.65383099...	45.374170999...	1412 WALKLE...	Sep	23	2008	PM	WARD 10	10
12	-75.63469100...	45.431691000...	1081 CUMMIN...	May	9	2013	PM	WARD 11	11
13	-75.62818099...	45.441330000...	735 CARSON'	Mar	23	2010	AM	WARD 13	13
14	-75.70216399...	45.412902000...	562 SOMERS...	Apr	22	2008	PM	WARD 14	14
15	-75.69171199...	45.432290000...	172 GUIGUES ...	Aug	28	2006	PM	WARD 12	2
16	-75.66962100...	45.426859999...	1235 DONALD...	Jul	8	2008	PM	WARD 11	11
17	-75.68878100...	45.416041000...	330 ELGIN ST	Aug	29	2007	PM	WARD 14	14
18	-75.70859299...	45.410316000...	760 SOMERS...	Mar	8	2013	AM	WARD 14	14
19	-75.69084700...	45.431657999...	310 ST PATRI...	May	19	2011	AM	WARD 12	12
20	-75.67915000...	45.433242000...	110 COBOUR...	May	5	2011	PM	WARD 12	12
21	-75.70859299...	45.410316000...	760 SOMERS...	Aug	23	2013	AM	WARD 14	14
22	-75.69109699...	45.431548999...	300 ST PATRI...	Jul	29	2013	AM	WARD 12	12

Show All Features

The query has joined the syringes that fall within a 50-metre radius of parks to the actual parks themselves, allowing us to visit those locations and the houses nearby to talk to people who may have seen the discarded items.

You can export save the layer as a csv file that has now become a tip sheet for locating parks where syringes have been found. The [Toronto Star](#) and [CBC News](#) used this technique tell their stories.

Make sure that only the Wards_2014 and the “Needles50MetresFromParks” layers are selected to see what the points look like on the map



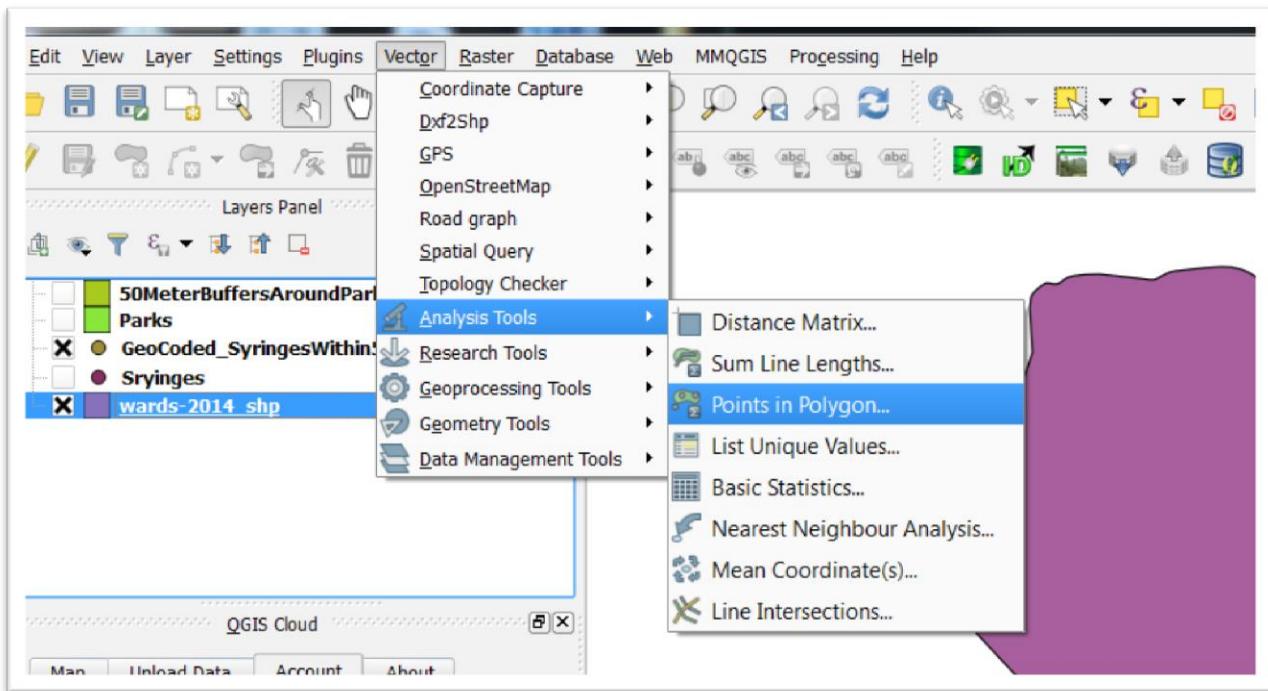
This buffer distance is arbitrary. If, for instance, you discover after a bit of research that 100M is a better distance, then you can always perform a second spatial query to obtain more results.

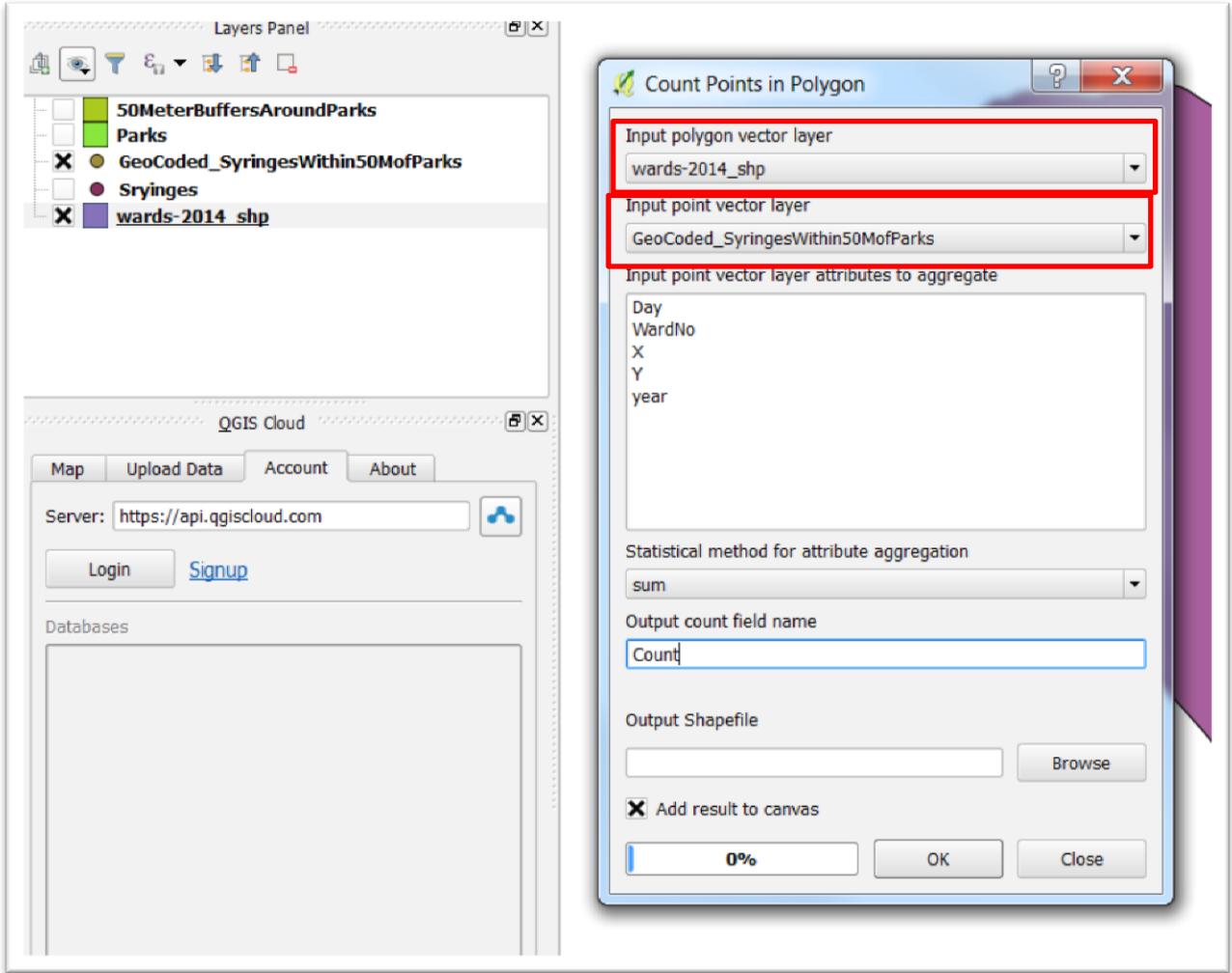
Buffer can also be erected around [play structures](#), a layer located on the city’s open data portal, daycare locations, or schools. In short, areas where children play. By themselves, the locations of parks mean very little. However, when we locate them close to features like discarded needles, then you have a potential story.

For one last query, let’s determine which wards have the highest number of needles within a 50-metre walking distance to parks.

To do this, we’ll select the two layers that are highlighted: “GeoCoded_SyringesWithin50MofParks” and “Wards_2014”.

Right click on “Wards_2014”, go to “Vector” on the menu at the top, select “Analysis tools”, and then “Points in Polygon(s)”.

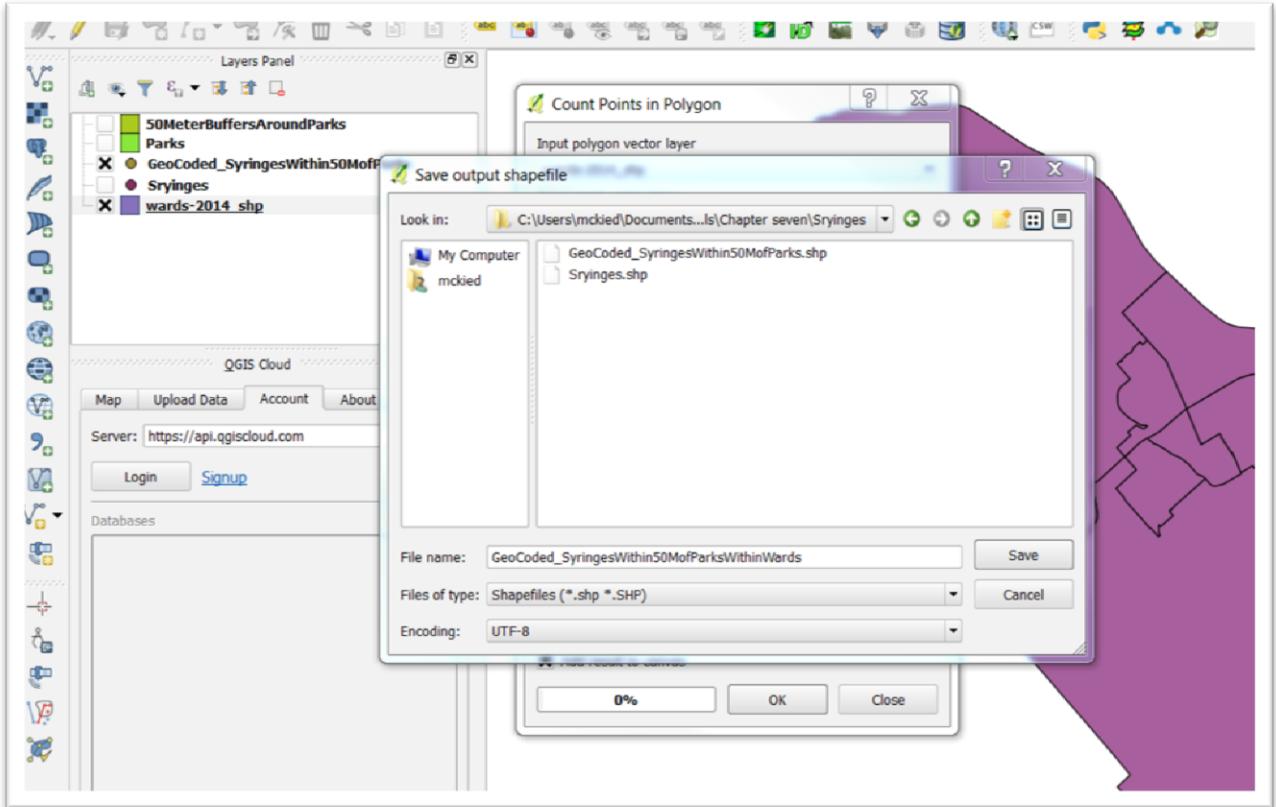




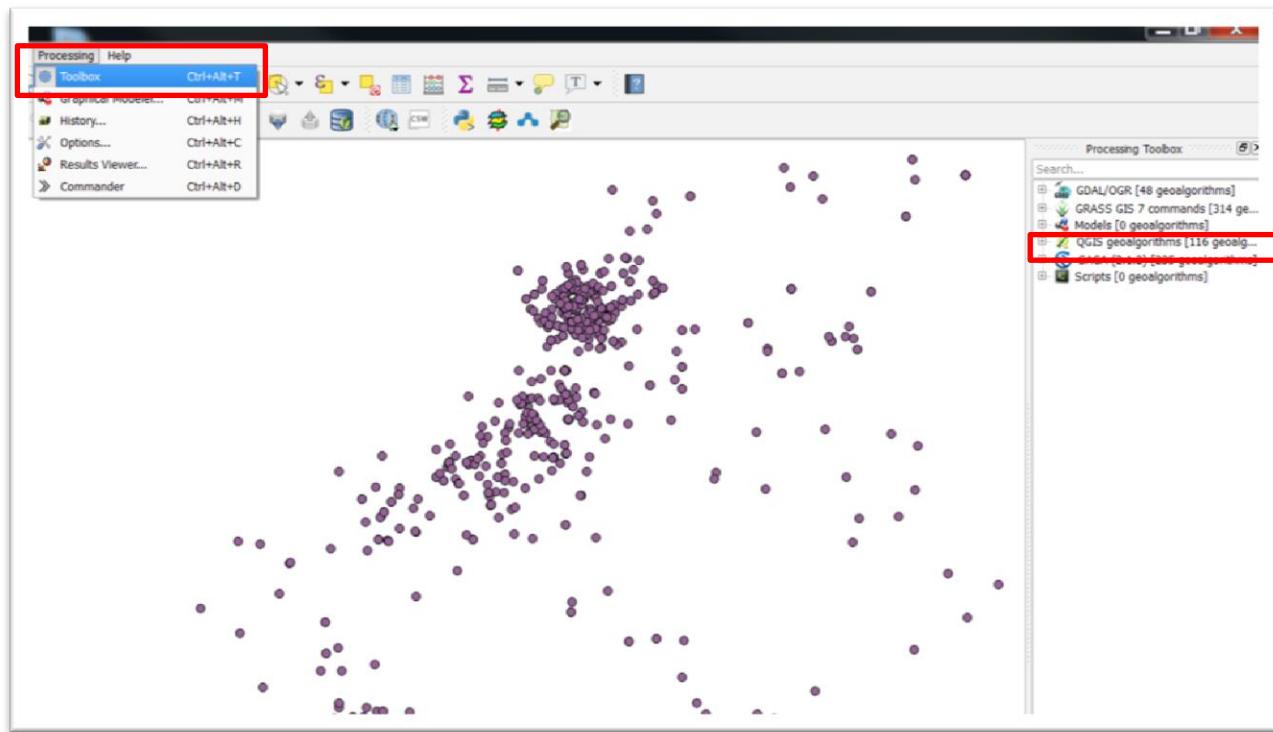
Your “Input polygon vector layer” is your “wards-2014_shp”. Your “Input point vector layer” is your “GeoCoded_SyringesWithin50MofParks”. Your “Statistical method for attribute aggregation” is “sum.” Just below the “Output count field name” change the default “PNT CNT” (point count) to a label that makes more sense, such as “COUNT”.

Browse to the correct folder, and give the new layer a title that reveals the information about the contents, something like

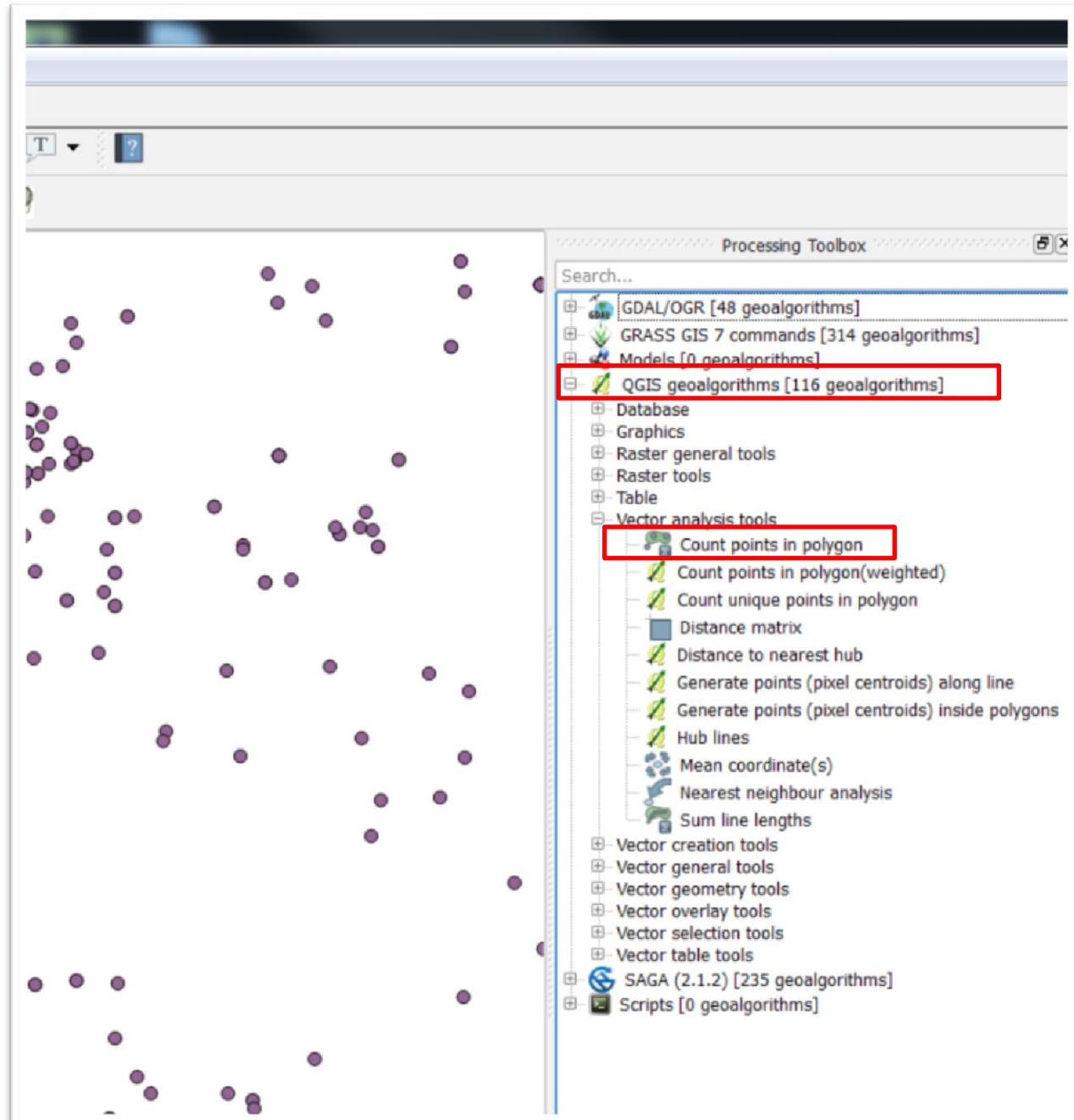
“GeoCoded_SyringesWithin50MofParksWithinWards”.

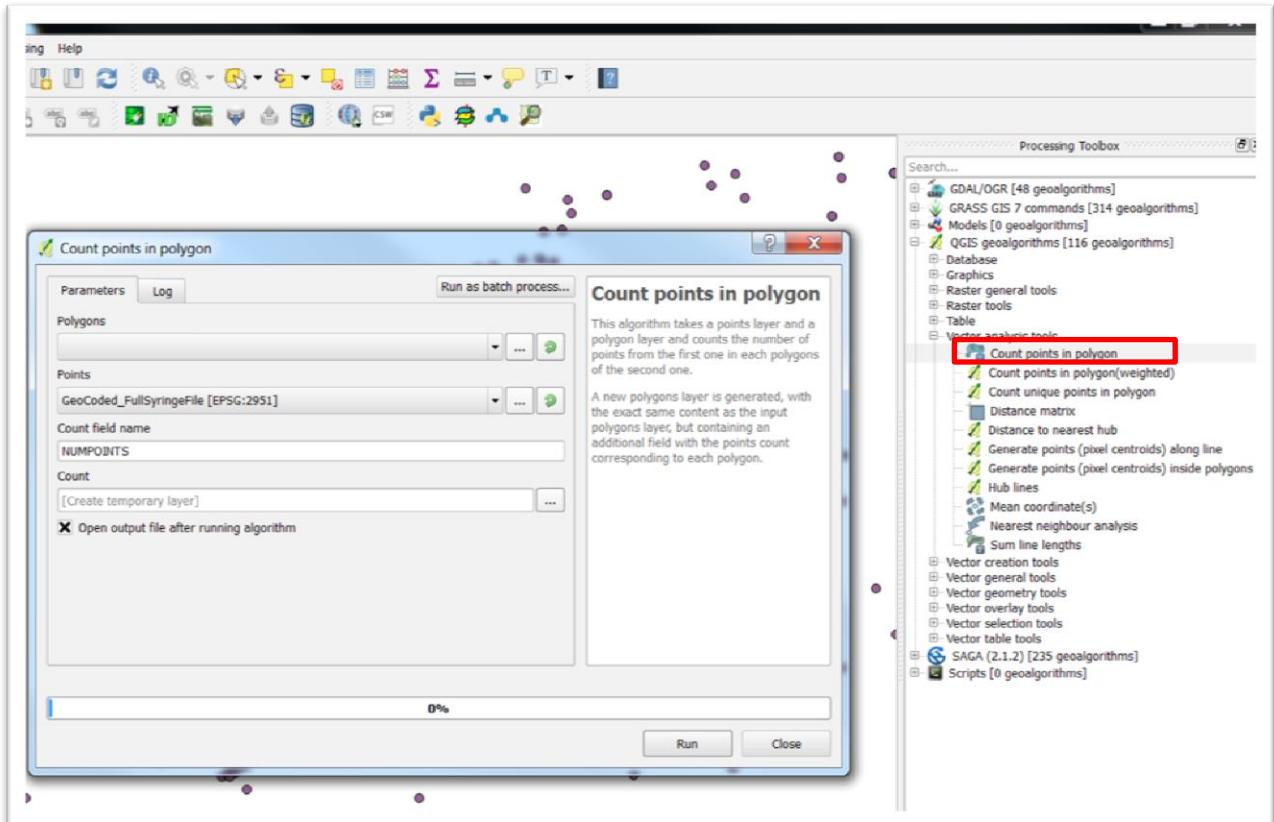


If you're using Qgis version 2.18.0, the process for obtaining the count-in-polygon tool is slightly different. This version does not have the “vector>analysis” section. Instead, you must go to “Processing”, then “Toolbox, which opens a toolbox on the right side.

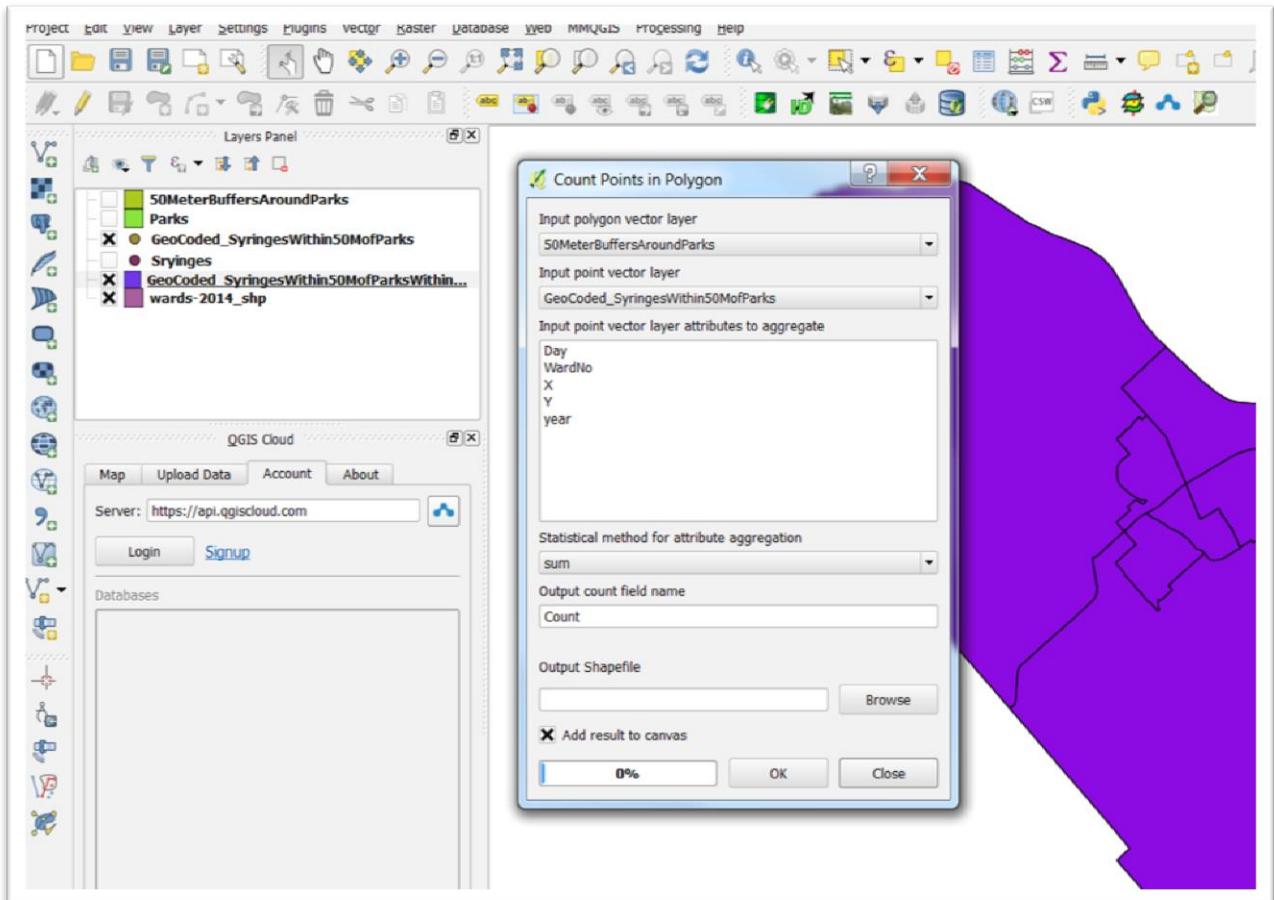


From there go to “QGIS geoalgorithms”, “vector analysis tools”, and finally “Count points in polygon”.

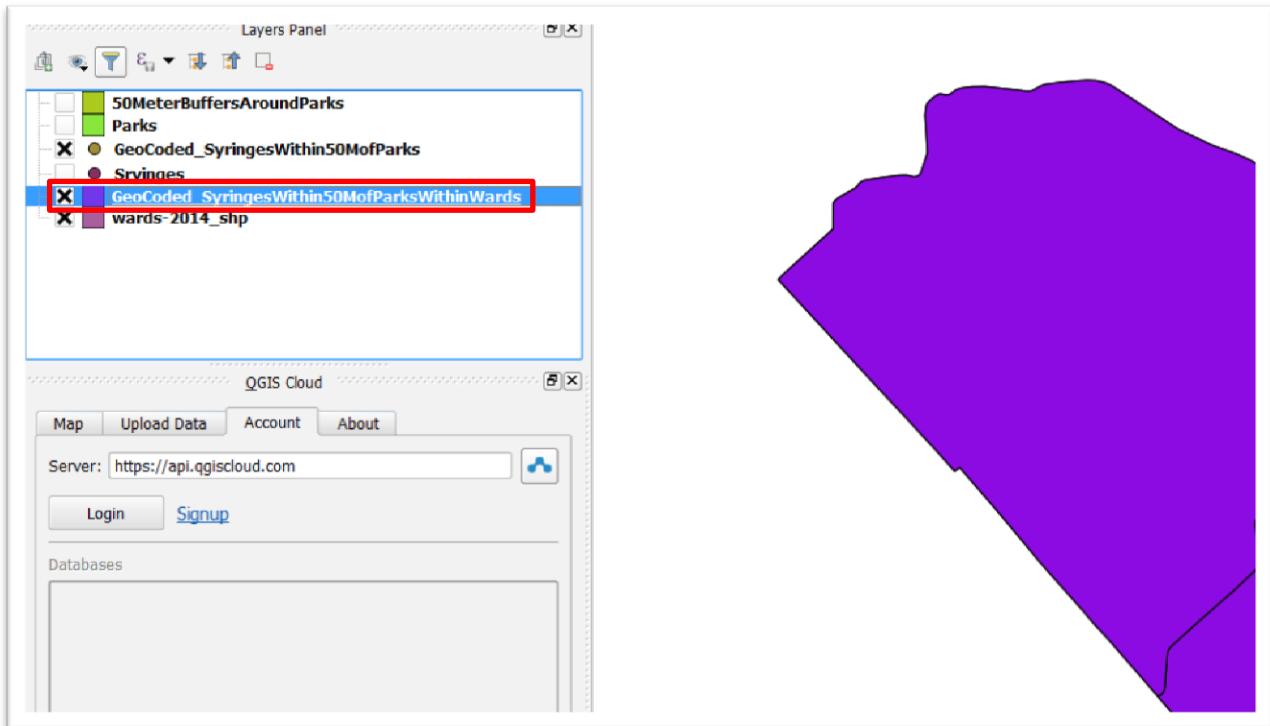




Which ever version you're using, save the file, and then select “OK” when you return to the “Count Points in Polygon” dialogue box.



Close the box, and check out the new layer.



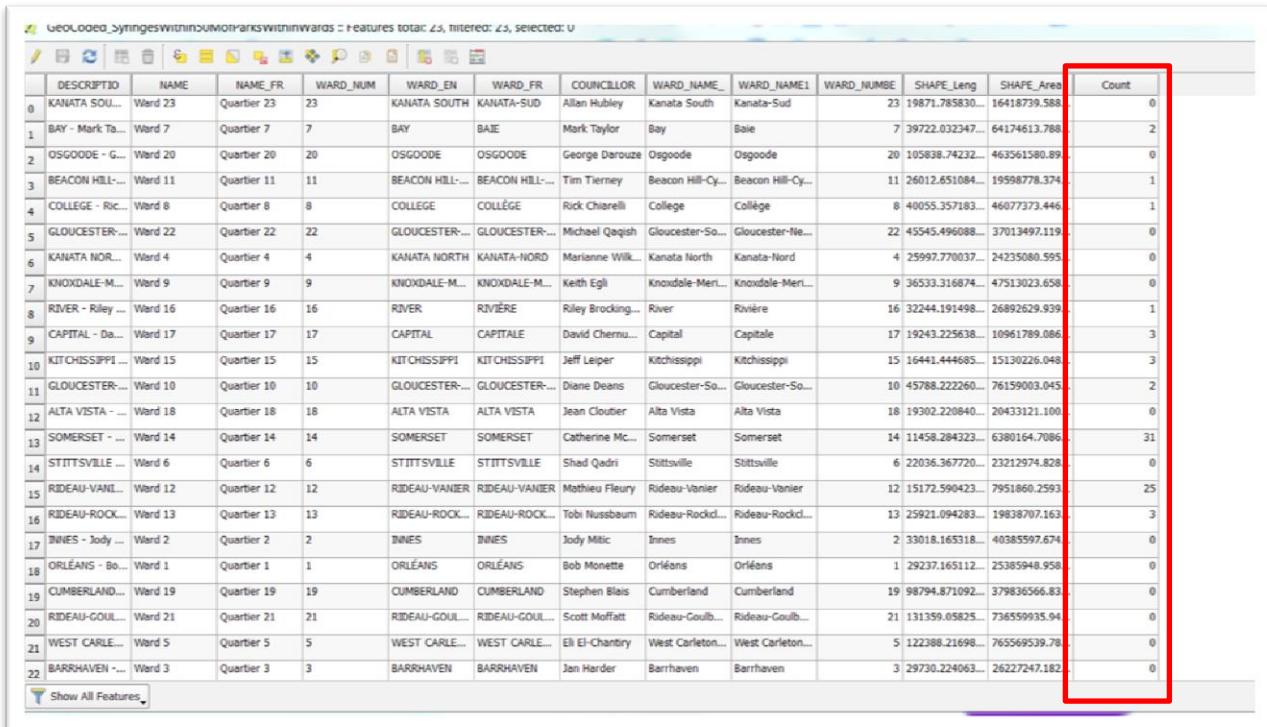
De-select all the other layers.



As we saw in the Fusion Table, and previous Qgis tutorials, when we merge tables, as we have done with this points-points-in-polygon query, we obtain a uniform colour on our file's layer.

Opening the attribute table reveals that there actually is data behind this bland exterior.

Sort the COUNT column in descending order.



The screenshot shows a QGIS attribute table for a layer named "Geolocated_Symgeswithinnumofparkswithinwards". The table has 22 rows and 14 columns. The columns are: DESCRIPTION, NAME, NAME_FR, WARD_NUM, WARD_EN, WARD_FR, COUNCILLOR, WARD_NAME, WARD_NAME1, WARD_NUMB, SHAPE_Leng, SHAPE_Area, and Count. The "Count" column is highlighted with a red border. The data shows various wards with their names in English and French, their corresponding numbers, and the count of parks within them. For example, Ward 23 has a count of 0, while Ward 7 has a count of 2.

	DESCRIPTION	NAME	NAME_FR	WARD_NUM	WARD_EN	WARD_FR	COUNCILLOR	WARD_NAME	WARD_NAME1	WARD_NUMB	SHAPE_Leng	SHAPE_Area	Count
0	KANATA SOU...	Ward 23	Quartier 23	23	KANATA-SOUTH	KANATA-SUD	Allan Hubley	Kanata South	Kanata-Sud	23	19871.785830...	16418739.588	0
1	BAY - Mark Ta...	Ward 7	Quartier 7	7	BAY	BAIE	Mark Taylor	Bay	Baie	7	39722.032347...	64174613.788	2
2	OSGOODDE - G...	Ward 20	Quartier 20	20	OSGOODDE	OSGOODDE	George Drouze	Osgoode	Osgoode	20	105838.74232...	463561580.89	0
3	BEACON HILL-...	Ward 11	Quartier 11	11	BEACON HILL...	BEACON HILL...	Tim Tierney	Beacon Hill-Cy...	Beacon Hill-Cy...	11	26012.651084...	19598778.374	1
4	COLLEGE - Ric...	Ward 8	Quartier 8	8	COLLEGE	COLLÈGE	Rick Chiarelli	College	Collège	8	40055.357183...	46077373.446	1
5	GLOUCESTER-...	Ward 22	Quartier 22	22	GLOUCESTER-...	GLOUCESTER-...	Michael Qaqish	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-Né...	22	45545.496088...	37013497.119	0
6	KANATA NOR...	Ward 4	Quartier 4	4	KANATA NORTH	KANATA-NORD	Marianne Wilk...	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	4	25997.770037...	24235080.595	0
7	KNOXDALE-M...	Ward 9	Quartier 9	9	KNOXDALE-M...	KNOXDALE-M...	Keith Egli	Knoxdale-Mer...	Knoxdale-Mer...	9	36533.316874...	47513023.658	0
8	RIVER - Riley ...	Ward 16	Quartier 16	16	RIVER	RIVIÈRE	Riley Brocking...	River	Rivière	16	32244.191498...	26892629.939	1
9	CAPITAL - Da...	Ward 17	Quartier 17	17	CAPITAL	CAPITALE	David Chêne...	Capital	Capitale	17	19243.225638...	10961789.086	3
10	KITCHISSIPP1 ...	Ward 15	Quartier 15	15	KITCHISSIPP1	KITCHISSIPP1	Jeff Leiper	Kitchissippi	Kitchissippi	15	16441.444685...	15130226.048	3
11	GLOUCESTER-...	Ward 10	Quartier 10	10	GLOUCESTER-...	GLOUCESTER-...	Diane Deans	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-So...	10	45788.222260...	76159003.045	2
12	ALTA VISTA - ...	Ward 18	Quartier 18	18	ALTA VISTA	ALTA VISTA	Jean Clouiber	Alta Vista	Alta Vista	18	19302.220840...	20433121.100	0
13	SOMERSET - ...	Ward 14	Quartier 14	14	SOMERSET	SOMERSET	Catherine Mc...	Somerset	Somerset	14	11458.284323...	6380164.7086	31
14	STITTSVILLE ...	Ward 6	Quartier 6	6	STITTSVILLE	STITTSVILLE	Shad Qadri	Stittsville	Stittsville	6	22036.367720...	23212974.828	0
15	RIDEAU-VANI...	Ward 12	Quartier 12	12	RIDEAU-VANIER	RIDEAU-VANIER	Mathieu Fleury	Rideau-Vanier	Rideau-Vanier	12	15172.590423...	7951860.2593	25
16	RIDEAU-ROCK...	Ward 13	Quartier 13	13	RIDEAU-ROCK...	RIDEAU-ROCK...	Tobi Nussbaum	Rideau-Rockd...	Rideau-Rockd...	13	25921.094283...	19838707.163	3
17	INNES - Jody ...	Ward 2	Quartier 2	2	INNES	INNES	Jody Mitic	Innes	Innes	2	33018.165318...	40385597.674	0
18	ORLÉANS - Bo...	Ward 1	Quartier 1	1	ORLÉANS	ORLÉANS	Bob Monette	Orléans	Orléans	1	29237.165112...	25385948.958	0
19	CUMBERLAND...	Ward 19	Quartier 19	19	CUMBERLAND	CUMBERLAND	Stephen Bleis	Cumberland	Cumberland	19	98794.871092...	379836566.83	0
20	RIDEAU-GOUL...	Ward 21	Quartier 21	21	RIDEAU-GOUL...	RIDEAU-GOUL...	Scott Moffatt	Rideau-Goult...	Rideau-Goult...	21	131359.05825...	736559935.94	0
21	WEST CARLE...	Ward 5	Quartier 5	5	WEST CARLE...	WEST CARLE...	Eli El-Chantiry	West Carleton...	West Carleton...	5	122388.21698...	765569539.78	0
22	BARRHAVEN - ...	Ward 3	Quartier 3	3	BARRHAVEN	BARRHAVEN	Jen Harder	Barrhaven	Barrhaven	3	29730.224063...	26227247.182	0

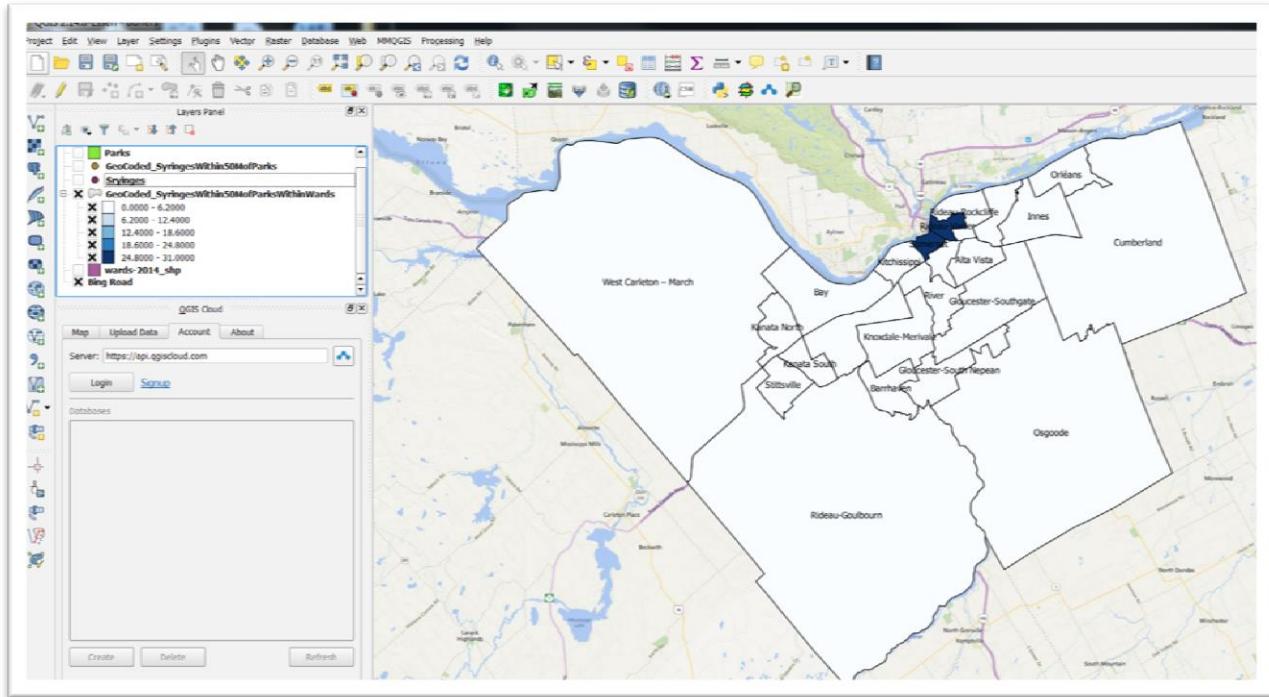
Show All Features

Sort the “Count” column in descending order.

	DESCRIPTION	NAME	NAME_FR	WARD_NUM	WARD_EN	WARD_FR	COUNCILLOR	WARD_NAME	WARD_NAME1	WARD_NUMBE	SHAPE_Leng	SHAPE_Area	Count
13	SOMERSET - ...	Ward 14	Quartier 14	14	SOMERSET	SOMERSET	Catherine Mc...	Somerset	Somerset	14	11458.284323...	6380164.7086...	31
15	RIDEAU-VANL...	Ward 12	Quartier 12	12	RIDEAU-VANIER	RIDEAU-VANIER	Mathieu Fleury	Rideau-Vanier	Rideau-Vanier	12	15172.590423...	7951860.2593...	25
9	CAPITAL - De...	Ward 17	Quartier 17	17	CAPITAL	CAPITALE	David Chernu...	Capital	Capitale	17	19243.225638...	10961789.086...	3
10	KITCHISSIPPI -...	Ward 15	Quartier 15	15	KITCHISSIPPI	KITCHISSIPPI	Jeff Leiper	Kitchissippi	Kitchissippi	15	16441.444685...	15130226.048...	3
16	RIDEAU-ROCK...	Ward 13	Quartier 13	13	RIDEAU-ROCK...	RIDEAU-ROCK...	Tobi Nussbaum	Rideau-Rockcl...	Rideau-Rockcl...	13	25922.094283...	19838707.163...	3
1	BAY - Mark Ta...	Ward 7	Quartier 7	7	BAY	BAIE	Mark Taylor	Bay	Bay	7	39722.032347...	64174613.788...	2
11	GOULCESTER-...	Ward 10	Quartier 10	10	GOULCESTER-...	GOULCESTER-...	Diane Deans	Gloucester-So...	Gloucester-So...	10	45788.222260...	76159003.045...	2
3	BEACON HILL-...	Ward 11	Quartier 11	11	BEACON HILL...	BEACON HILL...	Tim Tierney	Beacon Hill-Cy...	Beacon Hill-Cy...	11	26012.651084...	19598778.374...	1
4	COLLEGE - Ric...	Ward 8	Quartier 8	8	COLLEGE	COLLÈGE	Rick Chiarelli	College	Collège	8	40055.357183...	46077373.446...	1
8	RIVER - Riley ...	Ward 16	Quartier 16	16	RIVER	RIVIÈRE	Riley Brocking...	River	Rivière	16	32244.191498...	26892629.939...	1
0	KANATA-SOUL...	Ward 23	Quartier 23	23	KANATA SOUTH	KANATA-SUD	Allan Hubley	Kanata South	Kanata-Sud	23	19871.785830...	16418739.588...	0
2	OSGOODE - G...	Ward 20	Quartier 20	20	OSGOODE	OSGOODE	George Darouze	Osgoode	Osgoode	20	105838.74232...	463561580.89...	0
5	GOULCESTER-...	Ward 22	Quartier 22	22	GOULCESTER-...	GOULCESTER-...	Michel Qaqish	Gloucester-Ne...	Gloucester-Ne...	22	45545.496088...	37013497.119...	0
6	KANATA NOR...	Ward 4	Quartier 4	4	KANATA NORTH	KANATA-NORD	Marianne Wilk...	Kanata North	Kanata-Nord	4	25997.770037...	24235080.595...	0
7	KNOXDALE-M...	Ward 9	Quartier 9	9	KNOXDALE-M...	KNOXDALE-M...	Keith Egli	Knoxdale-Meri...	Knoxdale-Meri...	9	36533.316874...	47513023.658...	0
12	ALTA VISTA - ...	Ward 18	Quartier 18	18	ALTA VISTA	ALTA VISTA	Jean Cloutier	Alta Vista	Alta Vista	18	19302.220840...	20433121.100...	0
14	STITTSVILLE ...	Ward 6	Quartier 6	6	STITTSVILLE	STITTSVILLE	Shad Qadri	Stittsville	Stittsville	6	22036.367720...	23212974.828...	0
17	INNES - Jody ...	Ward 2	Quartier 2	2	INNES	INNES	Jody Mitic	Innes	Innes	2	33018.165318...	40385597.674...	0
18	ORLÉANS - BO...	Ward 1	Quartier 1	1	ORLÉANS	ORLÉANS	Bob Monette	Orléans	Orléans	1	29237.165112...	25385948.958...	0
19	CUMBERLAND...	Ward 19	Quartier 19	19	CUMBERLAND	CUMBERLAND	Stephen Blais	Cumberland	Cumberland	19	98794.871092...	379836566.83...	0
20	RIDEAU-GOUL...	Ward 21	Quartier 21	21	RIDEAU-GOUL...	RIDEAU-GOUL...	Scott Moffatt	Rideau-Goult...	Rideau-Goult...	21	131359.05825...	736559935.94...	0
21	WEST CARLE...	Ward 5	Quartier 5	5	WEST CARLE...	WEST CARLE...	Eli El-Chantiry	West Carleton...	West Carleton...	5	122388.21698...	765569539.78...	0
22	BARRHAVEN - ...	Ward 3	Quartier 3	3	BARRHAVEN	BARRHAVEN	Jan Harder	Barrhaven	Barrhaven	3	29730.224063...	26227247.182...	0

Somerset and Rideau-Vanier are the wards with the highest number of syringes within 50 metres of parks. No surprise, given those wards are in busy downtown areas. Nonetheless, we now know where to go to begin interviewing people.

Using the steps we learned in the “[MakingChoroplethinQgis](#)” tutorial, let’s colour code the map, give it labels, and then import a base map.



Buffering has allowed us to locate areas of the city where discarded syringes and needles obtained through a freedom-of-information request have become problematic, and worthy of further investigation.

Using the steps from the [ArcGIS Online](#) tutorial, we could upload the colour-coded layer, or layers with the geographic coordinates of the discarded syringes, to ArcGIS Online.

It should be noted that QGIS has an option for uploading files to the cloud and symbolizing them. However, it is the opinion of these authors that the QGIS option is still a work in progress, and therefore not as user-friendly as ArcGIS Online.

One of the advantages to learning different methods for visualization data, is that can use various combinations to obtain the results we want.