### **Chapter 10: Feminist Ethics and the Ethics of Care**

\*1. Which of the following carries great moral value, according to the ethics of care?

a. Competition

b. Abstraction

c. Partiality

d. Reason

Answer: c

2. According to the text, what attitude do many feminists take toward rights?

a. They have been insufficiently emphasized in moral philosophy.

b. They have been overly emphasized in moral philosophy.

c. Claiming rights unites people more often than it divides them.

d. Both a and c

Answer: b

3. According to feminist ethics, the supreme principle of morality is that an action is right if and only if it

a. maximizes utility.

b. shows care for others.

c. does not involve gender discrimination.

d. None of the above (There is no supreme principle of morality.)

Answer: d

4. According to the text, which of the following is *not* a challenge for feminist ethics?

a. Partiality is sometimes permissible.

b. The theory threatens to restrict the scope of the moral community too greatly.

c. Justice is an important moral value.

d. Competition is sometimes valuable.

Answer: a

5. According to feminist ethics, which of the following has traditional, male-dominated moral theorizing failed to consider?

a. The experiences of women

b. The moral importance of traditionally feminine traits

c. Traditionally feminine ways of approaching moral reasoning

d. All of the above

Answer: d

\*6. According to Norlock, which of the following philosophers was deeply committed to the public applications of his ethical theory?

a. Aristotle

b. Mill

c. Kant

d. All of the above

Answer: d

\*7. Norlock believes that feminist ethicists can be concerned with

a. metaethics.

b. normative theory.

c. applied ethics.

d. All of the above

Answer: a

8. What is Norlock’s attitude towards the idea of a genderless world?

a. Supportive

b. Skeptical

c. Hopeful

d. Confused

Answer: c

9. What is gender, according to Norlock?

a. Another way of referring to sex

b. A meaningless label

c. A socially shared understanding of someone’s sex

d. A biological fact about one's reproductive organs

Answer: c

10. What is feminism, according to Bell Hooks?

a. A theory about women

b. The movement to end sexist oppression

c. An approach to ethics

d. A historical account of gendered oppression

Answer: b