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| **GLOBAL PASSAGES*** What factors account for the identification of African Americans with Cubans and Filipinos?
* What factors inhibited this identification?
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| **OUTLINE****The New Imperialism**A Global Grab for ColoniesRace, Empire, Bibles, and BusinessmenPrecedent for American EmpireThe Crises of the 1890s **The United States Flexes Its Muscles**Latin AmericaHawaiiThe Cuban Crisis “A Splendid Little War” **The Complications of Empire** Cuba and Puerto RicoThe PhilippinesThe Debate Over Empire *Global Passages: African Americans and International Affairs*The American- Philippine WarChina**The U.S. on the World Stage: Roosevelt and Taft**Roosevelt’s “Big Stick”Taft’s Dollar Diplomacy |  |
| **WHO?** Emilio AguinaldoClara BartonAlbert BeveridgeJames G. BlaineCixi, Empress DowagerGeorge DeweySanford B. Dole W.E.B. Du BoisEnrique Dupuy de LomeBenjamin HarrisonJohn HayWilliam Randolph HearstGeorge Frisbee HoarLiluokalani (Queen)Alfred Thayer MahanWilliam McKinleyJoseph PulitzerWilliam Howard TaftFrederick Jackson TurnerBooker T. WashingtonLeonard Wood |  | **WHAT?** Anti-Imperial League“Gentlemen’s agreement”Insular Cases*Maine* (battleship)McKinley TariffOpen Door PolicyPanama CanalPlatt AmendmentRoosevelt CorollaryRough RidersRusso-Japanese WarTeller AmendmentUnited Fruit CompanyYellow journalism  |  |
| **REVIEW QUESTIONS**1. What assumptions did the foreign policies of Presidents McKinley, Roosevelt, and Taft share? Where did their foreign policies diverge? Were their foreign policies more similar than different? Defend your answer.
2. What did the United States gain by expanding political and commercial empire? What were the costs of empire? Did gains outweigh costs? Explain.
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| **NOTES: TO FOLLOW UP / QUESTIONS TO ASK IN CLASS** |